SOARING HIGH KCPE
KCPE TRIAL TWO-21

CLASS OF KCPE NOVEMBER 2023

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SOARING HIGH IN KCPE EXAM
SECOND PREDICTION 2021

PROVIDENT

MATHEMATICS

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use only an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

> YOUR INDEX NUMBER
> YOUR NAME
> NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing **a dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full index number (i.e School Code Number and the three- figure Candidate's number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any mark outside the boxes.
8. Keep the answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT.**
9. For each of the questions 1-50, answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing **a dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example:

In the question booklet:

8. A plane was flying at a speed of 288km/hr. Calculate the average speed in m/s.
   A. 120 m/s
   B. 80m/s
   C. 144m/s
   D. 48m/s

The correct answer is **B** on the answer sheet:

7 [A] [B] [C] [D] 8 [A] [■] [C] [D] 9 [A] [B] [C] [D] 10 [A] [B] [C] [D] 11 [A] [B] [C] [D]

11. Your **dark line MUST** be written in the box
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

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1. Which of the following numbers is seven million nine hundred and ninety seven thousand and seven in symbols?

    A. 7997070
    B. 7977600
    C. 7997007
    D. 79097007

2. What is the place value of digit 4 obtained after working out $0.4896 \div 12$?

    A. Tenths
    B. hundredths
    C. thousandths
    D. 0.0408

3. What is the difference between the LCM and the GCD of 12,18 and 36?

    A. 36
    B. 30
    C. 42
    D. 6

4. What is 798.895 rounded off to the nearest hundredths?

    A. 798.89
    B. 798.9
    C. 798.90
    D. 798.900

5. What is the value of:
    $48 \div 6 + 4 \times 3 - 32 \div 8 \times 2 + 7$

    A. 19
    B. 5
    C. 15
    D. 27

6. What is the next number in the pattern:

    $1,2,5,10,17,26,\_\_\_$

    A. 37
    B. 36
    C. 39
    D. 40

7. The decimals 0.18312. 0.18132, 0.18123, 0.18213 are to be written from the largest to the smallest. Which of the following is the correct order?

    A. 0.18312, 0.18213, 0.18132, 0.18123
    B. 0.18123, 0.18132, 0.18213, 0.18312
    C. 0.18132, 0.18312, 0.18123, 0.18213
    D. 0.18132, 0.18213, 0.18312, 0.18123

8. A square garden has an area of $7225m^2$. What will be the length of wire required to fence four strands of wire round the garden?

    A. 85
    B. 340
    C. 1360m
    D. 115600m

9. Which of the following sets of measurements will form a right angled triangle when constructed?

    A. 6cm, 8cm, 12cm
    B. 9cm, 16cm, 25cm
    C. 8cm, 12cm, 13cm
    D. 7cm, 24cm, 25cm

10.. In the year 2018, the number of animals in a farm was 3200. In the year 2020, the number of animals increased by 40%. How many animals are there in 2020?

    A. 1280
    B. 1920
    C. 4480
    D. 3280

11. What is the value $\dfrac{0.25 \times 3.6}{0.45}$

    A. 2
    B. 0.02
    C. 0.2
    D. 20

12. The fractions $\dfrac{2}{3}, \dfrac{2}{5}, \dfrac{1}{2}, \dfrac{3}{7}$ and $\dfrac{4}{9}$ are to be arranged in order from the smallest to the largest. Which one of the following is the correct order?

    A. $\dfrac{2}{5}, \dfrac{3}{7}, \dfrac{4}{9}, \dfrac{1}{2}, \dfrac{2}{3}$
    B. $\dfrac{2}{3}, \dfrac{1}{2}, \dfrac{4}{9}, \dfrac{3}{7}, \dfrac{2}{5}$
    C. $\dfrac{2}{5}, \dfrac{3}{7}, \dfrac{4}{9}, \dfrac{2}{3}, \dfrac{2}{5}$
    D. $\dfrac{2}{3}, \dfrac{1}{2}, \dfrac{3}{7}, \dfrac{4}{9}, \dfrac{2}{5}$

13. A distance of 10 kilometers is represented on a map by a length of 5 cm. What is the scale used?

    A. 1:20000
    B. 1: 200000
    C. 1:2000
    D. 1: 200

14. In a farm, there are pigs, rabbits and birds. The number of pigs is 15 more than that of rabbits. The number of birds is three times that of rabbits. If the number of pigs is p, which one of the expressions below represents the number of the animals in the farm?

    A. 3p -60
    B. 5p+ 30
    C. 5p- 60
    D. 5p + 60

15. What is the value of $\dfrac{3}{5} + \dfrac{1}{3} \div \dfrac{2}{3}$

    A. $1\dfrac{1}{10}$
    B. $1\dfrac{1}{8}$
    C. $\dfrac{10}{11}$
    D. $1\dfrac{2}{5}$

16. Thirty litres of milk was given to a class of 60 pupils to share equally. How many deciliters of milk did each pupil get?

    A. 5
    B. 50
    C. 500
    D. 0.5

17. An aeroplane left London at 2155 h on Tuesday. It took 7 hours 45 minutes, to reach Nairobi. When did it reach Nairobi?

    A. Tuesday 5:40 a.m.
    B. Tuesday 5:40 p.m.
    C. Wednesday 5:40 p.m.
    D. Wednesday 5:40 a.m.

18. Which one of the following quadrilaterals has only one pair of parallel lines?

    A. Trapezium
    B. Rectangle
    C. Rhombus
    D. Parallelogram

19. Mutua sold an item for Sh. 19800 and made a loss of 10%. What was the cost of the item?

    A. Sh. 17820
    B. Sh. 18000
    C. Sh. 2200
    D. Sh. 22000

20. What is the place value of digit 6 in the number 70608290?

    A. Hundred thousands
    B. Millions
    C. Tens of thousands
    D. Six hundred thousands

21. What is the value of y in the equation

$$\frac{2y-3}{3} - 3 = \frac{2y}{5}$$

   A. 15

   B. $3\frac{3}{4}$

   C. $4\frac{1}{2}$

   D. $7\frac{1}{2}$

22. What is 4 : 5 as a percentage?

   A. 125%

   B. 80%

   C. 40%

   D. 50%

23.. What is the volume, in cubic centimeters, of a cylinder whose diameter is 28 cm and a height of 20 cm? (Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)

   A. 49280

   B. 12320

   C. 2112

   D. 880

24. The ratio of cows to goats in a farm is 3:2. If there are 210 more cows than goats, how many animals are there in the farm?

   A. 1050

   B. 420

   C. 140

   D. 360

25. What is the total value of digit 8 in the number 90805467?

   A. 8,000,000

   B. Hundreds of thousands

   C. 80,000

   D. Eight hundred thousand

26. What is 60995 rounded off to the nearest 1000?

   A. 60000

   B. 60900

   C. 60990

   D. 61000

27. What is the value of $\frac{3ab^2}{yx} + \frac{5xb^2}{ax^2}$ if a= 5, y=3, x=4 and b=2

   A. 76

   B. 6

   C. 5

   D. 1

28. The marked price of a radio was sh. 15000. Aura paid Sh. 12000 after getting a discount. What was the percentage discount offered?

   A. 20%

   B. 25%

   C. 80%

   D. 125%

29. Ochieng deposited sh. 60000 in a bank that paid compound interest at the rate of 10% per annum. After 2 years he withdrew all his money. How much did he withdrew?
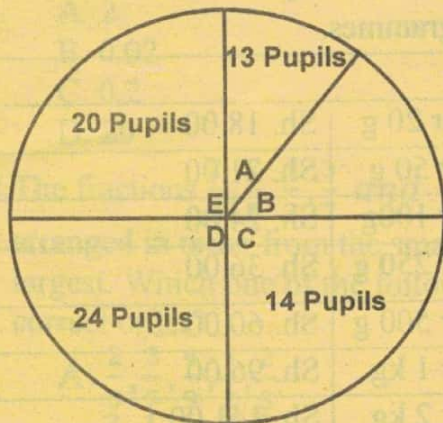
   A. Sh. 66000

   B. Sh. 72600

   C. Sh. 72000

   D. Sh. 12600

30. The pie graph below shows how a class of 90 pupils chose their favorite sports A, B, C, D and E.

In a pie chart, how many degrees would represent the pupils who chose sport B?

A. 5°
B. 20°
C. 76°
D. 96°

31. A rectangular tank whose base measures 8m by 5m contains water to a height of 4m. How much water in litres is in the tank?

A. 160L
B. 160000L
C. 1600000L
D. 0.160L

32. Ndunge borrowed sh. 10000 at a simple interest rate of 15% per annum. How much money altogether did she pay back at the end of 2 years?

A. Shs. 3000
B. Shs. 13000
C. Shs. 3225
D. Shs. 13225

33. The perimeter of the isosceles triangle below is 80 cm. Line BC = 30 cm.
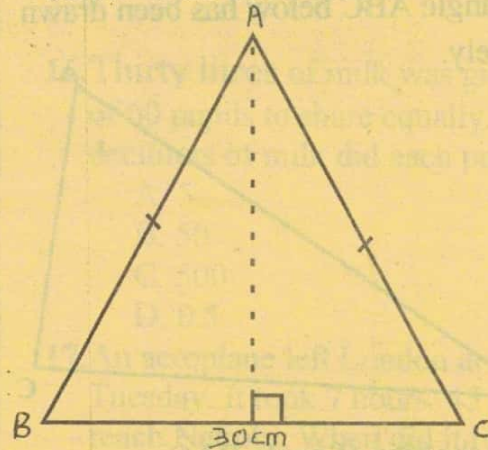
What is the area of the triangle in cm²?

A. 450
B. 375
C. 300
D. 150

34. An open cylindrical tin of diameter 28 cm and height 21 cm was painted on the outside. What was the area painted? $\left(\text{Take } \pi = \frac{22}{7}\right)$

A. 12936 cm²
B. 3080 cm²
C. 1848 cm²
D. 2464 cm²

35. A pickup whose mass is 1.5 tonnes when empty was loaded with 20 bags of sugar each of mass 100 kg and six bags of beans each of mass 65 kg. What was the total mass, in tonnes, of the loaded pick up?

A. 2.390
B. 2390
C. 3890
D. 3.890

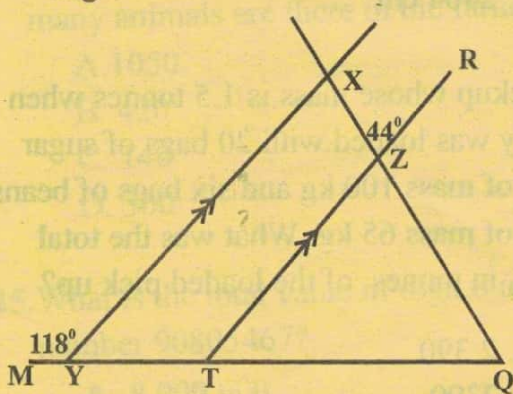**36.** The triangle ABC below has been drawn accurately.
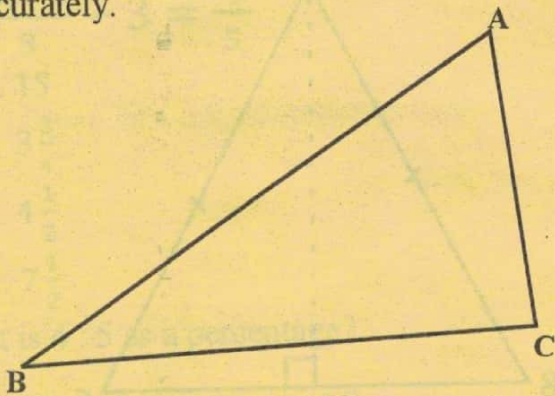
What is the size of angle BAC.

A. 30^0

B. 90^0

C. 60^0

D. 150^0

37. What is the value of $\dfrac{12^2-12}{12} + 8$

A. $11\ ^2/_3$

B. 19

C. 132

D. 11

38. In the figure drawn below, line MYTQ, XZQ and TZR are straight lines. Line YX is parallel to TR. Angle MYX = 118° and angle XZR = 44°.

What is the value of angle TQZ?

A. 118°

B. 74°

C. 62°

D. 44°

39. The table below shows post office rates for sending letters, postcards and aerogrammes.

Inland	
Not Over 20 g	Sh. 18.00
Not over 50 g	Sh. 21.00
Not over 100g	Sh. 24.00
Not over 250 g	Sh. 36.00
Not over 500 g	Sh. 60.00
Not over 1 kg	Sh. 96.00
Not over 2 kg	Sh. 141.00

International Air Mail			
	Europe	America	Far East
Aerogramme	Sh. 27	Sh. 35	Sh. 42
Post cards	Sh. 25.50	Sh. 18	Sh. 33

Kaparo sent the following mail:

1 letter of mass 14 g

1 letter of mass 780 g

1 letter of mass 1.6 kg

Two postcards to Britain (Europe)

1 postcard to America

1 aerogramme to Far East

How much money did she pay for the mail?

A. Sh. 366.00

B. Sh. 354.00

C. Sh. 330.00

D. Sh. 399.00

40. Mr . Waweru bought the following items from a supermarket

    3kg rice @ sh 120
    2 bars of soap @ sh 140
    2kg packet of sugar for sh 150
    3 litres of milk @ sh 50
    2 ¾ litres of kerosene @ sh 60

If he gave the shopkeeper two-shilling 1000 notes how much balance did he receive?

  A. Shs 1105
  B. Shs 895
  C. Shs 444
  D. Shs 280

41. Forty two taps can fill a water tank in 14 minutes. How many taps are needed if the tank is to be filled in 12 minutes?

  A. 91
  B. 49
  C. 7
  D. 6

42. Below is a net of a solid.
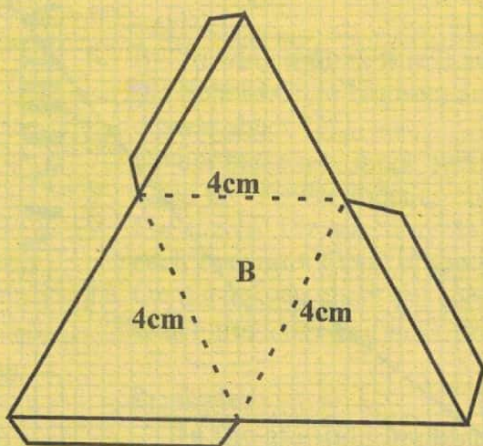
When the net is folded, which of the solids below will it form ?

  A. Triangular based pyramid
  B. Rectangular prism
  C. Triangular prism
  D. Rectangular based pyramid

43. The triangle PQR below has been drawn accurately.
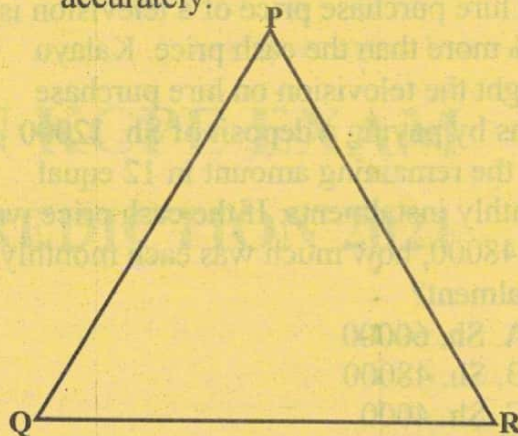
Draw a circle touching the points P,Q, and R. Measure the radius

  A. 1.9 cm
  B. 3.8cm
  C. 4.3 cm
  D. 8.6 cm

44. How many more cubes are needed to complete the stack below?
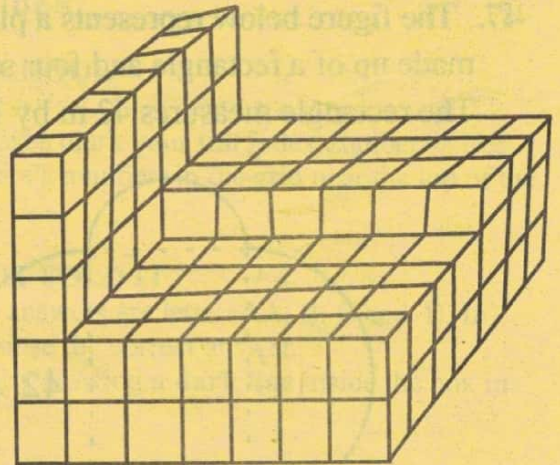
  A. 94
  B. 137
  C. 245
  D. 108

45. The hire purchase price of a television is 25% more than the cash price. Kalayu bought the television on hire purchase terms by paying a deposit of Sh. 12000 and the remaining amount in 12 equal monthly instalments. If the cash price was Sh. 48000, how much was each monthly instalment?

  A. Sh. 60000
  B. Sh. 48000
  C. Sh. 4000
  D. Sh. 5000

46. A saleslady gets a basic salary of Sh. 9000 and a 6% commission of sales above Shs.80000. In one month she sold goods worth Shs. 380000. What was her total earning that month?

  A. Sh. 18000
  B. Sh. 27000
  C. Sh. 22800
  D. Sh. 31800

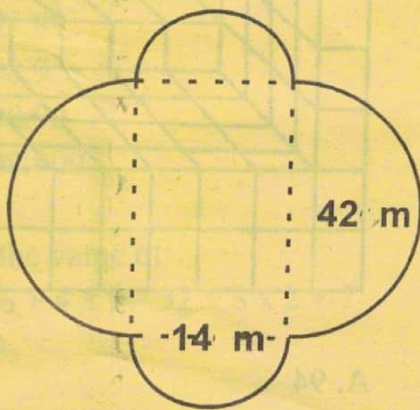**47..** The figure below represents a plot of land made up of a rectangle and four semi-circles. The rectangle measures 42 m by 14 m.

  42 m
  -14 m-

What is the distance all round the plot of land in metres? (Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)

  A. 176
  B. 1540
  C. 2128
  D. 3080

48. The bus fare from town T to town X was decreased by 20% and later increased by 20%. If the original fare was Sh. 250, what is the new fare?

  A. Sh. 250
  B. Sh. 240
  C. Sh. 200
  D. Sh. 160

49. Maradona was admitted in hospital on the morning of 26th September 2020, which was on Tuesday. He was discharged on the morning of November 4th the same year. On which day was he discharged?

  A. Thursday
  B. Friday
  C. Wednesday
  D. Saturday

50. The graph below represents the journey of a bus travelling from town W to Y.
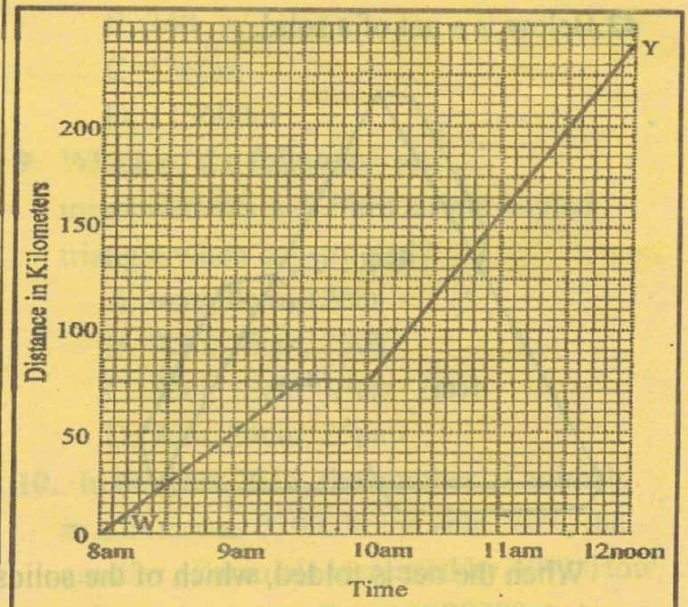
What was the average speed for the whole journey?

  A. 80 km/h
  B. 70 km/h
  C. 68 km/h
  D. 60 km/h

SOARING HIGH IN KCPE EXAM
SECOND PREDICTION 2021

PROVIDENT

Time:1hour 40 minutes

ENGLISH
SECTION A:
LANGUAGE

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

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> YOUR NAME
> NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

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Example
For question 16 and 17, choose the opposite of the underlined words.

16.   My brother promises to <u>hide</u> the secret,
    A. Conceal   B. Reveal   C. Not tell   D. Not keep

The correct answer is B.

[A] [B] [C] [D]

9 [A] [B] [C] [D]   19   [A] [B] [C] [D]   29 [A] [B] [C] [D]   39 [A] [B] [C] [D]   49

11.   Your **dark line MUST** be written in the box
12.   For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

This questions papers consist of 8 printed pages   **TURN OVER**

Read the passage below, it contains blank spaces number 1 to 15. For each blank space, choose the best alternative from the choices given.

Recent fire _____1_____, mostly in Gikomba, have brought back the endless debate _____2_____ Kenya's disaster preparedness. Since the year _____3_____ , the Kenya National Disaster Operational Centre says that there have been several fire related cases which have destroyed close to thousands of household _____4_____ .The organization, _____5_____ coordinates response to disasters, confirmed the above.

The _____6_____, on the other hand, has documented _____7_____ fires in the Nairobi suburbs alone. _____8_____ , the body's regional disaster revealed to the media that the number could be _____9_____ because fires that the immediate community manages to _____10_____ are never reported, as are their damages.

This month alone, _____11_____ houses in Wetewa area and Kapiti estates have gone up in smoke. The _____12_____ case has happened twice leaving in _____13_____ wake two fatalities. Upendo neighbourhood is another on the list of the _____14_____ . Yet quite _____15_____ , people are quick to fault electrical systems. So, what is our level of fighting fires?

1. A. incidences   B. incidents   C. accidents   D. incedent

2. A. in   B. for   C. about   D. of

3. A. began   B. begun   C. had began   D. has begun

4. A. goods   B. properties   C. property   D. goodies

5. A. who   B. whose   C. that   D. which

6. A. Kenya red cross   B. Kenya red cross   C. Kenya Red Cross   D. Kenya Red cross

7. A. twenty six   B. twenty - six   C. twenty sixth   D. twentysix

8. A. However   B. Moreover   C. Nevertheless   D. Furthermore

9. A. more high   B. higher   C. more higher   D. highest

10. A. put up   B. put on   C. put off   D. put out

11. A. any   B. enough   C. some   D. most

12. A. latter   B. later   C. lartter   D. latest

13. A. i'ts   B. its'   C. it's   D. its

14. A. infested   B. affected   C. effected   D. infected

15. A. rarely   B. hardly   C. seldom   D. often

16. Close that door, _____

    A. won't you?

    B. isn't it?

    C. will you?

    D. shouldn't you'?

17. You go to a good school, _____

    A. don't you?

    B. do you?

    C. won't you?

    D. will you?

Choose the correct preposition to fill in the blank space for questions 18 and 19.

18. After a long interrogation the suspect was charged _____ theft.

    A. with

    B. over

    C. for

    D. of

19. She divided the fruits _____ her many children.

    A. among

    B. between

    C. by

    D. for

For question 20 choose the word that is correctly spelt.

20.   A. grammar

    B. recieve

    C. finnaly

    D. writting

Choose the word that means the opposite of the underlined word for question 21

21. I <u>detest</u> stew with rice.

    A. prefer

    B. choose

    C. like

    D. want

For questions 22 and 23 choose the sentence that means the same as the underlined.

22. <u>This soup is rather hot.</u>

    A. The soup is a little too hot.

    B. The soup is too hot to drink.

    C. The soup is a little cold.

    D. The soup is really hot.

23. <u>There were scarcely twenty people at the meeting.</u>

    A. There were no people at all.

    B. There were more than twenty people.

    C. There were exactly twenty people

    D. There were probably fewer than twenty people.

For question 24 choose the sentence with the correct order of adjectives.

24. A. My father bought me a Ugandan beautiful red toy.

   B. My father bought me a red Ugandan beautiful toy.

   C. My father bought me a beautiful red Ugandan toy.

   D. My father bought for me a Ugandan red beautiful toy.

For question 25 re-arrange the following sentences to form a sensible paragraph

25. i) it was one of those miserable days

   ii) his health not withstanding

   iii) when hell broke loose

   iv) on Kamau

   v) he was jailed for seven years

A. i, iv, v, iii, ii

B. iv, iii, v,

C. i, iii, iv, ii, v

D. v, iv, iii, i

Read the following passage and answer questions 26 to 38

As soon as the palace was complete and Lion moved in, the animals began to ask each other what their King would eat. No one was sure. " I am your King", said the Lion. " I will be busy ruling you so I will not have time to go out looking for food," he added. The animals were not sure of the kind of food lion wanted to eat. The King finally said that he wanted to eat one animal per day. The animals were not sure they liked the idea, but they agreed to the plan. Lion said, " When you catch the animal don't kill it. Bring it to me alive. I'll kill it myself. There is a way I kill an animal to make it's meat sweeter". "As soon as Hare's turn comes," thought the Lion, "I will say to him: Little thing, what did I tell you? I am going to eat you. Who is the cleverer one now? Bring your head close to my mouth and let me crunch it." On hearing this news, Hare became very worried. The other animals including the Cheetah told the Hare to stop getting worried and wait for his turn to be eaten. Squirrel told Hare, a King is free to behave the way he wants. In addition, Tortoise said that, in case he was taken to Lion, he would hide in his shell. Hare left these animals and went to Porcupine and told him his problem. Porcupine was glad to listen to him but he could not help him. He said that his spines could not help so he suggested that Hare should ask Black Mamba to help him. Black Mamba suggested that although he had poison, it was little. It was not enough for sharing. However, that poison would

not stop him from being eaten by Lion. Consequently, when it was Hare's turn to be eaten, the Lion called Cheetah and Leopard and told them that he had no food. Hare had suggested that he would walk to the Palace to present himself to King Lion. However, he went to a pool and invited Lion to go and eat him there. On reaching near the pool, Hare told Lion that he would n[ot] be eaten by two Kings - one in the water and the other outside the pool. Lion jumped into the water to beat up the other King Lion who looked like him.

26. Out of the many animals King Lion planned to eat, which one of the following would he enjoy to settle scores with?
   A. Squirrel
   B. Hare
   C. Black Mamba
   D. Porcupine.

27. How many animals have been mentioned in the passage?
   A. 4
   B. 7
   C. 8
   D. 9

28. Animals in this passage were not sure if they liked the idea but they agreed. This statement suggests to us that;
   A. The animals hated the idea.
   B. The animals were very happy about it.
   C. The animals wanted to be eaten.
   D. They wanted the Hare to be eaten.

29. Why did Black Mamba think that he was of no help to the Hare?
   A. The poison would neither help the Hare nor Black Mamba himself.
   B. Lion liked Black Mamba's poison.
   C. Black Mamba had no poison.
   D. King lion was eating him that night.

30. Which of the following would protect th[e] tortoise from being eaten by the Lion?
   A. Spines
   B. Poison
   C. Fur
   D. Shell

31. The following statement is the reason why Hare waited patiently for the King Lion at the pool. Which one is it?
   A. assist him to swim to the other kingdom.
   B. lure him into drowning in the pool
   C. persuade him so that he is not eate[n]
   D. make friends with him.

32. Why were there two King Lions at the pool?
   A. King Lion who was in the water was the former King of animals.
   B. The other was King Lion's reflection.
   C. The new king was hiding in the water.
   D. The one in the water was the Quee[n]

33. Lion's two friends were
   A. Black Mamba and flare
   B. Porcupine and Tortoise
   C. Cheetah and Leopard
   D. Hare and Black Mamba.

34. What do you think happened to Hare?
    A. he was saved from Lion's jaws by Squirrel.
    B. he died after taking Black Mamba's poison.
    C. leopard killed him
    D. he escaped death.

35. Among the following proverbs, one applies to King Lion. Which one is it?
    A. Every dog has its day
    B. Forbidden fruit tastes sweetest
    C. Once bitten twice shy
    D. Unity is strength.

36. In the first paragraph of this passage, King Lion gave a solution to the animal's problem. What was the solution?
    A. to build another palace
    B. the food to be eaten in the palace
    C. eating one animal per day
    D. how to get the proud Hare and eat it.

37. If King Lion was to be killed by Black Mamba, how would he die?
    A. by poisoning
    B. be suffocated by Mamba's tail
    C. by the spines
    D. be forced to swallow the shell.

38. Which one of the following is the most suitable title for this passage?
    A. King Lion and friends
    B. Life in the forest
    C. Hare at the pool
    D. King Lion's search for food.

Read the passage below and answer questions 39 to 50.

Knowledge is power. One of the best ways of acquiring knowledge is reading. The more one reads the more knowledgeable one becomes. Some people say that a person who can read has armed himself or herself with a shield against stupidity.

It is important for children to develop an interests in reading early in life. This is because reading is a lifelong activity; there simply is no end to it. Knowledge is being created every day at an incredible speed. As such, there is no point at which any one person can claim to have read all that there is to read.

Apart from reading for academic purposes as learners in school, we also read for other purposes such as self-improvement and enjoyment. We may read about how to improve our relationships with the people around us. We may also read humorous stories as a way of relaxation. It is through reading that children learn the basic things about life such as eating a balanced diet, morality and religious facts. Thus, there is a lot to be gained from books even when we are not reading for an examination. Reading also helps us to express ourselves and

communicate well with each other. This helps us to develop good relationships with each other.

It is often said that Kenyans do not read as much as they should. They are known to be aggressive in other fields of life such as athletics and business. But how successful would an athlete be if he or she did not bother to read about strategies that can help him or her to excel in athletics? What business person would not want to read business articles that will help him or her to market his or her goods and achieve better results? The truth is that to excel at what we are doing, we must be inquisitive so that we can learn how to improve. In short, when we read, we increase the likelihood of coming across information that will be useful to us. That information would be hidden from us completely if we did not take the first step of reading.

Everybody should be involved in promoting the development of a reading culture in our country. The challenge, therefore, not only goes to teachers but also goes to parents, leaders and other members of the society. They should ensure that children are exposed to different types of reading material. These include simple textbooks, storybooks, magazines and newspapers. Pupils also have a responsibility to take an active role in becoming good readers. They should take up every opportunity to read whatever useful material is available to them. They should also read widely and not restrict themselves to one type of reading material such as storybooks.

39. According to the passage, knowledge is acquired through
    A. dancing.
    B. weeping.
    C. reading.
    D. talking.
40. The phrase "knowledge is power" as used in the passage means
    A. the more you know, the richer you become.
    B. the more you learn, the more powerful you are.
    C the more you learn, the more you end up knowing.
    D. the more opportunities you have, the more you study.
41. From the first paragraph, we conclude that one who does not read is
    A. fearful.
    B. foolish.
    C. literate.
    D. violent.
42. Which one of the following is not a reading material?
    A. Newspaper .
    B. Radio
    C. Textbook
    D. Magazine

43. Which of the following statements is **true** according to the passage?
   A. Kenyans are aggressive in business, athletics and reading.
   B. Kenyans have a well-developed reading culture.
   C. Reading is good for self-improvement and enjoyment.
   D. Reading is the only way to acquire knowledge.

44. The word **"inquisitive"** can be replaced by
   A. clever.
   B. cautious.
   C. noisy.
   D. curious.

45. Who do you think should enhance the reading culture?
   A. The government and its people
   B. Either the parent or the teacher
   C. Both the parents and the teachers
   D. All the parties concerned

46. According to the last paragraph, pupils have the responsibility to
   A. restrict themselves to one type of reading material.
   B. wait to become good readers.
   C. take up every opportunity to read all types of useful material.
   D. expose different types of reading materials.

47. Which one of the following statements is **true**?
   A. Reading determines economic status.
   B. Through reading children learn basic religious facts.
   C. Reading helps to conceal foolishness.
   D. Reading erodes cultural values.

48. We expose ourselves to a lot of reading
   A. so as to find out what is hidden in a book.
   B. to be able to make achievements.
   C. to get more knowledge from books.
   D. to be able to upgrade our living standards.

49. A reading culture can be developed by
   A. exposing children to different types of reading material.
   B. restrict children to one type of reading material.
   C. reading humorous stories only.
   D. reading serious books.

50. Which of the following is the *best* title for the above passage?
   A. The bookshop
   B. Study skills
   C. The importance of reading
   D. Acquisition of knowledge

ENGLISH
SECTION B:
COMPOSITION   **Time : 40 minutes**

YOUR NAME	
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL	

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

1. In the spaces provided above, write your name and the name of your school.

2. Now open the page read the heading of the composition carefully and write your composition on the lines provided.

This Question Paper consists of 4 printed pages.

You have 40 minutes to write this composition.

The following is the beginning of a story. Complete the story making it as interesting as you can.

Cattle theft had become very common in our location. It was the last Friday of the month so my father had come home from his place of work…………………………………………………

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SOARING HIGH IN KCPE EXAM
UTABIRI WA PILI 2021

**KISWAHILI
SEHEMU YA KWANZA:
LUGHA**

Muda:Saa 1 dakika 40

SOMA KWA MAKINI MAAGIZO YAFUATAYO

1. Umepewa kijitabu hiki cha maswali na karatasi ya kujibia. Kijitabu hiki kina maswali 50.
2. Ikiwa utataka kuandikia chochote ambacho si jibu andika katika kijitabu hiki. **Time:1hour 40 minutes**
3. Ukisha chagua jibu lako lionyeshe katika **KARATASI YA MAJIBU** na wala siyo katika kijitabu hiki cha maswali.

JINSI YA KUTUMIA KARATASI YA MAJIBU

4. Tumia penseli ya kawaida.
5. Hakikisha ya kwamba yafuatayo yameandikwa katika karatasi ya majibu:
   **NAMBA YAKO YA MTIHANI
   JINA LAKO
   JINA LA SHULE YAKO**
6. Kwa kuchora kistari katika visanduku vyenye namba zinazokuhusu, onyesha namba yako kamili ya mtihani (yaani namba ya shule, na zile namba tatu za mtahiniwa) katika sehemu iliyotengwa mwanzo wa karatasi ya majibu.
7. Usitie alama zozote nje ya majibu na usiikunje.
8. Iweke safi karatasi yako ya majibu na usikunje.
9. Kwa kila swali 1-50 umepewa majibu manne. Majibu hayo yameonyeshwa kwa herufi A, B, C na D.
   Ni jibu **MOJA** tu kati ya hayo manne ambalo ni sahihi. Chagua jibu hilo.
10. Kwenye karatasi ya majibu, jibu sahihi lionyeshwe kwa kuchora kistari katika kisanduku chenye herufi uliyochagua kuwa ndilo jibu.

   Mfano

19. Tumia kiambishi sahihi:-
    Darasa ___ tajengwa kesho.
    A. i   B. u   C. li   D. ki

**Jibu sahihi ni C
Katika karatasi ya majibu**

9 [A] [B] [C] [D]   19 [A] [B] [C] [D]   29 [A] [B] [C] [D]   39 [A] [B] [C] [D]   49 [A] [B] [C] [D]

   Katika visanduku vinavyoonyesha majibu ya swali namba 19, kisanduku chenye herufi C ndicho kilichochorwa kistari
11. Chora kistari chako vizuri. Kistari chako kiwe cheusi na kisijitokeze nje ya kisanduku.
12. Kwa kila swali, chora kistari katika kisanduku kimoja tu kati ya visanduku vinne ulivyopewa.

Kijitabu hiki cha maswali kina kurasa 8 zilizopigwa chapa.

GEUZA UKURASA

Kifungu vifuatavyo vina nafasi 1 mpaka 15. Kwa kila nafasi umepewa majibu manne hapo
chini. Chagua jibu lifaalo zaidi kati ya yale uliyopewa.

Hakuna nchi ____1____ kudai i huru ____2____ itakosa ____3____ wa chakula.

Chakula ndicho uhai wa watu. Yapo maeneo ambayo ____4____ na uhitaji mkubwa.

____5____wa chakula hutatizwa na ukosefu wa mvua. Mbegu wanazopanda ___6_____ kwa

kukosa unyevu. Wao hutegemea msimu wa ___7_____ kualika. Mbinu kadhaa za kisayansi

___8_____ mbegu zinazoweza kupandwa, kuota na ____9_____ katika kipindi kifupi mno.

Yote haya ni katika harakati za ____10_____ na hatari ya kupungukiwa na chakula .

1. A.inaweza   B. zinawezekana   C. inayoweza   D. inaoweza
2. A. isipokuwa   B. ikiwa   C. ijapokuwa   D. aghalabu
3. A. uthabiti   B. udhabiti   C. dhabiti   D. thabiti
4. A. yamekubali   B.zimekumbwa   C. imekubwa   D. yamekumbwa
5. A. Upaliliaji   B. Uzalishaji   C. Upanzi   D. Ulaji
6. A. hazichipukizi   B. hazipukutiki   C. hazichipuki   D. zinachipuka
7. A. masika   B. kiangazi   C. kipupwe   D. kaskazi
8. A. zinavumbua   B. imevumbua   C. zimevumbuliwa D. zimevumbua
9. A. kukoboa   B. kukomaa   C. kupogoa   D. kudumaa
10. A. kukabiliwa   B. kukabiliana   C. kukabaliana   D. kukabithi

Katika mila ____11_____ kiafrika ni _____12_____ kabisa kumwita mtu kwa

_____13____ mbinja. Mwito huo huonyesha dharau. Mwito huo huo _____14_____ kuwaita

wanyama kama vile mbwa. Hii ____15_____ sababu tunapinga tabia ya kutumia mtindo huu wa

kuwaita wenzako.

11. A. za   B. ya   C. la   D. wa
12. A. bora   B. bayana   C. kawaida   D. mwiko
13. A. kupigia   B. kumpigia   C. kumpiga   D. kupigiana
14. A. yanatumika   B. ilitumika   C. hutumika   D. zinatumika
15. A. ndivyo   B. ndilo   C. ndio   D. ndiyo

16 Ni sentensi ipi yenye kiambishi **ki** cha udogo?

  A. Ukija utamkuta mwalimu.

  B. Tulimwona akilima shamba lake.

  C. Kijito hiki kimekauka.

  D. Wanafunzi waliimba kitamaduni.

17. Chagua sentensi iliyoandikwa sahihi kisarufi.

  A. Pua lake lilikatwa likaunga wajihi.

  B. Pua yake ilikatwa ikaunga wajihi.

  C. Mapua zake zilikatwa zikaunga wajihi.

  D. Mapua yake yalikatwa yakaunga wajihi.

18. Kati ya majina yaliyoandikwa ni yapi ni nafaka pekee.

  A. Mahindi, Maharagwe, Mtama, Choroko.

  B. Mahindi, Matunda, Kiluwa, Mkadi.

  C. Adesi, Choroko, Dengu, Peasi.

  D. Kunde. Korosho, Pojo, Yungiyungi.

19. Neno karibu limetumikaje katika sentensi ifuatayo.

  "Mtihani karibu unanukia," Waziri wa Elimu alinukuliwa akisema

  A. Nusura

  B. Idadi

  C. Mahali

  D. Wakati

20. Bainisha maneno yaliyopigwa mstari.

  Mtoto **huyu** aliadhibiwa **sana**, **yule** mtiifu **alituzwa**

A. Kivumishi, kirejeshi, kihisishi, kiwakilishi

B. Kirejeshi, kivumishi, kiashiria, kitenzi

C. Kiashiria, kielezi, kiwakilishi, kitenzi

D. Kiashiria, kivumishi, kimilishi, kitenzi

21. **Kanusha** sentensi ifuatayo:

  Mwalimu ajaye amefika

  A. Mwalimu ajaye asifike

  B. Mwalimu ajaye hakufika

  C. mwalimu asiyekuja amefika

  D. mwalimu ajaye hajafika

22. Musa **aliguria** Sokomjinga. Kisawe cha neno lililopigwa mstari ni?

  A. alihamia

  B. aliuzia

  C. alikodeshea

  D. alijengea

23. Kati ya sauti zifuatazo ni ip i nayojumuisha orodha ya sauti ghuna

  A. f, l, sa

  B. m, s, th

  C. dh, ng, b

  D. ha, f, sa

24. Chagua usemi wa taarifa wa:

"Njooni shuleni kesho na wazazi wenu," Mwalimu alituambia.

  A. Mwalimu aliwaambia waende shuleni na wazazi wao siku iliyofuata

  B. Mwalimu alituamuru tuende shuleni siku ifautayo na wazazi wetu

  C. Mwalimu alituambia njooni shuleni kesho na wazazi wenu.

  D. Mwalimu alituamuru tuende shuleni siku iliyofuata na wazazi wetu

25. Tegua kitendawili kifuatacho: Manne Manne hadi Pemba

  A. Gari

  B. Magurudumu

  C. Usingizi

  D. Mkokoteni

26. Elezea tarakimu ifuatayo husomwaje?

13,003

A. Elfu kumi na kumi na tatu

B. Elfu kumi na tatu

C. Elfu kumi na kumi na tatu

D. Kumi na tatu elfu na tatu

27. Chagua sentensi iliyo katika nafsi ya pili kwa wingi?

A. Mimi napenda kulima wao hawapendi.

B. Sisi sote twatakikana ukumbini.

C. Kimani ni mtoto mzuri ilhali wewe ni mtundu.

D. Nyinyi nyote mtashiriki katika mchezo wa kuigiza.

28. Maria alifunga nikaha na Juma. Je Maria atamwitaje mamake Juma?

A. Mavyaa

B. Bavyaa

C. Mamamkwe

D. Mkazahau

29. Ni salamu zipi ambazo hutolewa wakati wa maombolezi

A. Asalam aleikum

B. Chewa

C. Makiwa

D. Kongole

30. Ni orodha ipi ya maneno inayoonyesha nomino wingi.

A. Makabati, majedwali, madawati, mavazi

B. Maji, mafuta, manukato, marashi

C. Matofaa, motokaa, matufaha, mafiga

D. Matatu, matwana, makao, magurudumu

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 31 mpaka 40.

Teknolojia mpya ni tawi la maarifa linalohusiana na sayansi kwa upande mmoja na uhandisi (Uinjinia) kwa upande mwingine. Sayansi ni elimu inayotokana na uchunguzi na majaribio katika maabara. Nao uhandisi ni ujuzi wa kuunda mitambo. Maarifa ya sayansi yanapotumiwa kutengeneza vitu viwandani, hali hii inakuwa teknolojia.

Zao mojawapo la teknolojia mpya ni simu tamba. Watu sasa wanawasiliana na jamaa zao walio mbali. Akina nyanya wanapopanda njugu, kupalilia migomba, kukama ngamia na kukuna nazi, wanaweza kuzungumza na wajukuu wao walio Uingereza, Uchina na kwingine kule. Hakuna mahali ambapo hapajafikiwa na teknolojia mpya. Tukitembelea baadhi ya nyumba tutaona vifaa kama vile tanuri la miale. Vilevile kuna jiko la mvuke ambalo linapika maharagwe yakaiva kwa dakika chache tu. Majokofu nayo yanatuwezesha kuhifadhi vyakula bila kuharibika. Hata maiti na mizoga inaweza kuhifadhiwa kwa miaka mingi kwa ajili ya utafiti bila kuoza katika ufuo wa mochari.

Kwa upande wa kilimo, teknolojia imefanya makubwa. La kustaajabisha ni mtu mmoja kulima eneo kubwa la shamba kwa trekta. Halafu akapanda kwa tandazi, akanyunyizia dawa kunyausha magugu, akavuna na kukoboa mahindi akiwa peke yake. Siku hizi inawezekana kukuza mimea na kufuga wanyama wanaokomaa kwa muda mfupi na kutoa mazao maradufu

Kwa sababu ya teknolojia mpya. Teknolojia imewezesha watu kuvumbua aina nyingi za nishati. Badala ya kutegemea umeme unaotokana na maji tu, sasa watu wanatumia mvuke, nguvu za upepo na nishati ya jua kupata umeme. Kwa sababu hii hata mababu zetu vijijini wanatazama televisheni bila shida au wahaka.

Kwa upande mwingine, teknolojia ina madhara yake. Kwa mfano, uundaji wa silaha kali unaendelea kuwaangamiza watu wengi. Mabomu ya kitonoradi yaliyoangushwa Hiroshima na Nagasaki Japani mwaka wa 1945 ni zao la kisayansi. Haya yaliwaua watu wengi na madhara yake bado yanadhihirika hata katika maumbile ya watoto wanaozaliwa na upungufu. Tena magaidi na wahalifu wa kimataifa wanatumia teknolojia mpya kuimarisha mbinu zao za kutenda maovu. Isitoshe, inawezekana kutumia teknolojia kuagiza benki kutuma pesa nje ya nchi bila mwenye hazina kujua.

Wahalifu wanaweza kusikiliza mawasiliano ya watu kwa simu hata ikiwa ni baina ya polisi. Kisha matatizo mengi ya kiafya yasemekana yanatokana na vyakula vilivyokuzwa kwa kutumia teknolojia mpya. Katika usafiri kuna gari moshi lenye kutumia stima badala ya makaa. Hili ni zao la teknolojia mpya. Ingawa mwendo wake ni wa kasi kasi hiyo ya stima huweza kusababisha ajali mbaya mno.

31. Teknolojia mpya ni tawi linalohusiana na
    A. Uchunguzi wa maabarani
    B. Sayansi na uhandisi
    C. Ujuzi wa kuunda mitambo
    D. Utengenezaji wa vitu viwandani

32. Baadhi ya mazao ya teknolojia ni
    A. Chungu, seredani, na stovu
    B. Stuli, meza, kiti na kabati
    C. Rununu, trekta, mikrowevu na tandazi
    D. Patasi, tupa, bisibisi na sepetu

33. Ni sentensi ipi si sahihi kulingana na kifungu?

    A. Maarifa ya sayansi hayatumiwi kutengeneza vitu viwandani
    B. Teknolojia imewezesha watu kuvumbua aina nyingi za nishati
    C. Garimoshi hutumia stima badala ya makaa
    D. Wanavijiji wanawasiliana na jamaa zao walio mbali

34. Neno kuhifadhi limepigwa mstari maana yake ni _____

    A. kulaza
    B. kufichua
    C. kuharibu
    D. kulinda

35. Taja baadhi ya vifaa vya mekoni ambavyo ni vya teknolojia

    A. Tanuri, stovu na jokofu
    B Mikrowevu, seredani, stovu
    C. Jokofu, tanuri na jiko la mafiga
    D. Jokofu, tanuri na jiko la mvuke

36. Kisawe cha neno nishati ni _____

    A. Kawi
    B. Mwangaza
    C. Mvuke
    D. Joto

37. Maumbile ya watoto wanaozaliwa yana upungufu kwa sababu ya_____

    A. Risasi
    B. Mabomu
    C. Mizinga
    D. Manowari

38. Kulingana na makala haya sentensi ipi ni sahihi

    A. Mtu hawezi kutuma pesa nje ya nchi.
    B. Mabomu ya kitonoradi yaliyorushwa hayakuleta madhara.
    C. Mtu anaweza kuagiza benki kutuma pesa nje ya nchi.
    D. Magaidi hawawezi kutumia teknolojia mpya kuimarisha mbinu zao.

39. Kwa mujibu wa aya ya mwisho madhara yafuatayo yamezungumziwa ila ya

    A. Afya
    B. Mawasiliano
    C. Usafiri
    D. Elimu

40. Kichwa mwafaka cha kifungu hiki ni

    A. Teknolojia
    B. Elimu
    C. Afya
    D. Madhara

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 41 mpaka 50.

Shani alikuwa ametoka kazini akiwa mchovu wa mwili na moyo. Baada ya kujimwagia maji, alijipweteka kitini na kufungulia runinga yake kutazama yapitayo nchini. Mara tu baada ya kufungua kidude hiki, alisalimiwa na sauti nyororo ya kike ikitangaza, "Rais amemteua Bi. Maua kuwa katibu mkuu wa wizara ya fedha. Uteuzi huu unatekelezwa mara moja."

Shani alisikiza tangazo hili kwa mshangao wa ajabu. Alitaka kumwuliza mtangazaji huyu kama kweli aliyokuwa ametamka yalikuwa ya kweli lakini alitanabahi kuwa hicho kilikuwa kisanduku tu cha kutolea habari. Maswali mengi yalimpitia akilini. Huyu si yule Maua maskini tuliyesoma naye kuanzia darasa la kwanza hadi kidato cha nne? Imetokeaje ameweza kupata wadhifa wa aina hii? Kwani baada ya kidato cha nne aliweza kupata karo ya kumwezesha kwenda chuo kikuu? Itakuwaje mimi niliyekulia nasaba bora niwe ndimi wa kuishi maisha ya uhitaji naye kutononoka hivyo.

Wakati Shani alipokuwa akijisaili hivi, alikuwa ameghafilika kuwa yeye na Maua walikuwa watu tofauti. Shani akiwa shuleni alikuwa hazingatii masomo yake. Maua alipokuwa akidurusu, Shani alikuwa akipitisha muda wake akiota ndoto za kila aina. Alishindwa kabisa kuinamia cha mvunguni kwani wazazi wake walimpa kila alichotaka. Kila mara alipofungua shule, sanduku lake lilipakia shehena hadi likalalamika. Shani alizoea kulivuta sanduku lake kulitembeza kote bwenini huku akiwafanya wenzake kuajabia na kuumezea mate utajiri huu. Mara nyingine aliweza kumfaa Maua kwa vifaa vya hapa na pale kama vile sabuni, shashi na hata vyakula. Maua kila mara alishukuru moyoni ila alimhuzunikia huyu mwenzake ambaye daima alikuwa akitaradhia wazazi wake.

Kila mara Maua alikuwa akimshawishi Shani amakinike katika masomo yake lakini Shani alidai kuwa yeye hakuwa na kipawa hicho. Alisema kuwa kwa sababu ya urembo wake aliazimia kuwa mhudumu katika ndege pindi amalizapo kusagika na elimu ya kidato cha nne. Wasichana hawa wawili walifanya mtihani wao. Kama ilivyotarajiwa Maua alitia fora akawa mwanafunzi wa kwanza shuleni mwao. Hali yake ya baadaye ikawa inaweza kutabiriwa. Shani naye, alichumia kivulini akalia juani. Maazimio yake ya kuwa mhudumu katika ndege yalianza kuyeyuka akaona haya kuwataka wazazi wake kumtafutia nafasi katika shirika la ndege.

Matumaini yake yalipotumbukia nyongo, Shani alijiunga na chuo kimoja nchini ambapo alijifunza uhazili. Akaona kwamba ilimbidi kujitegemea kwani wazazi wake sasa walikuwa na mzigo mkubwa wa kuwalea wana wao. Alifanya bidii katika mafunzo haya. Alifuzu kama mhazili na kuanza kazi katika shirika moja la simu. Kwa vile nchi ilikuwa katika harakati za kujikuza kiteknolojia, ilimwisia vigumu Shani kuomba mshahara mkubwa kwa hofu kwamba angeumwaga unga wake kwani tangu hapo wakubwa wengi hawakuhitaji wahazili. Ikabidi kujikuna ajipatapo. Zile ndoto alizokuwa nazo za kuishi katika nyumba kubwa kama ya wazazi wake ziliyeyuka kama barafu wakati wa joto kali. Alijipata anaishi na wenzake katika chumba kimoja ambacho ndicho kilichogawanywa kuwa cha malazi na sebule.

Maua kwa upande wake, baada ya kufanya vyema katika mtihani wa kidato cha nne aliona jahazi lake likitia nanga kwenye ufuo usio na matumaini. Elimu ya chuo kikuu wakati huo ilikuwa ikigharimu fedha na alijua fika kuwa wazazi wake wasingeweza kumwauni kwa lolote. Alikesha usiku akigalagala kitandani asiambulie lepe lolote la usingizi. Hatimaye alipata suluhisho. Aliamua kuandamana na babake katika afisi moja ya umma ambapo ufadhili wa masomo ya juu ulitolewa. Maua kwa weledi wake wa lugha aliweza kuwashawishi wakuu wa idara hii kumpa udhamini wa masomo ya chuo kikuu.

Baada ya kuamkia bahati hii, Maua hakutazama nyuma. Aliabiri chombo, akapaa juu angani na kujipata Marekani akisomea uhandisi wa mitambo ya komputa. Baada ya kuhitimu, Maua hakubaki Marekani licha ya kuwa mashirika mengi yalikuwa yamemwahidi nafasi za kazi. Alirejea nyumbani kuendeleza shughuli za ujenzi wa taifa. Maua alilakiwa na kupewa nafasi ya kazi katika wizara ya fedha. Kwa sababu ya mapenzi yake kwa familia na nchi yake alifanya kazi kwa jitihada kubwa. Wakuu wake waliweza kuona bidii zake za mchwa, akapanda kidato kimoja cha ngazi baada ya kingine. Ingawa kila mara alikumbuka rafiki yake Shani ambaye licha ya kiburi chake wakiwa shuleni aliweza kumfaa kwa mengi, hakuweza kuwasiliana naye kwani hakuwa na anwani yake.

Wakati huu Shani alipokuwa akiungulika kwa machungu juu ya ufanisi wa Maua, **Maua** alikuwa kajawa na bashasha isiyo na kifani kwa kupata cheo hiki ambacho kwa kweli alikuwa **anastahili** kukipata. Moyoni aliwaza kuwa lazima amtafute rafiki na mhisani wake wa **zamani**.

41. Kulingana na kifungu:
    A. Shani alikuwa ameteuliwa na Rais kuwa katibu mkuu wa wizara ya fedha.
    B. Bi Maua alikuwa mtangazaji mwenye sauti. nyororo.
    C. Shani alikuwa amelelewa kwa familia yenye uchochole mwingi.
    D. Wadhifa aliotunukiwa Bi **Maua** ulikuwa wa kutononoka.

42. Katika aya ya tatu wazo sahihi kulingana na mwandishi ni:
    A. Shani alitia bidii masomoni.
    B. Shani na Bi. Maua waliota ndoto za kupitisha muda.
    C. Bi. Maua na Shani walikuwa wanasoma shule ya bweni ya wasichana.
    D. Shani na Maua walikuwa watu tofauti kitabia

43. Kulingana na kifungu maazimio ya Shani yalikuwa?
    A. Kutia fora na kuwa rubani.
    B. Kuhudumu katika ndege kwa vile alikuwa mrembo.
    C. Masomoni kwa kuwa alichumia juani.
    D. Alikuwa na kipawa masomoni.

44. Shani alihofia kuomba mshahara mkubwa katika shirika alilofanya kazi kwa sababu?
    A. Alijikuza kiteknolojia
    B. Wakubwa wengi hawakuhitaji wahazili.
    C. Ndoto yake ilikuwa imetimia.
    D. Hakutaka makuu.

45. Msemo kujikuna ajipatapo umetumika kuwa na maana ya:
    A. Kadri ya uwezo wako
    B. Kuvumilia shida zako

C Kuwa mkaidi
    D. Kukosa hali.

46. Jahazi lake likitia nanga kwenye ufuo usio na matumaini ni sawa na:
    A. Tia taabani
    B. Tia katika jambo geni
    C. Fika mwisho
    D. Fika miaka ya uzeeni

47. Kulingana na kifungu ukakamavu wa Bi. Maua unajitokeza wazi wakati?
    A. Alipojipata Marekani akisomea uhandisi.
    B. Alipokuwa akiwaza kumtafuta Shani amsaidie.
    C. Alipowashawishi wakuu wa idara kumpa udhamini wa masomo,
    D. Alipoandamana na babake.

48. Ni mfuatano upi wa matukio ufaao kwa mujibu wa kifungu kuhusu Bi. Maua?
    A. Shule ya upili, chuo kikuu, ng'ambo, kurejea nyumbani, **waziri** wa fedha.
    B. Chuo kikuu, ng'ambo, waziri **wa** fedha.
    C. Shule ya upili, chuo cha uhazili, shirika la simu, ng'ambo.
    D. Shule ya upili, ng'ambo, chuo kikuu, shirika la simu.

49. Ni methali ipi inayohusiana na **hulka ya** Bi. Maua?
    A. Aliye juu mngojee chini.
    B. Ukiona vyaelea vimeundwa.
    C. Cha kuvuja hakina rubani.
    D. Mtegemea cha nduguye hufa

50. Kichwa mwafaka kinachofaa **kuelezea** taarifa hii ni?
    A. Bidii ya Bi. Maua
    B. Bidii ya Shani
    C. Ziara ya Maua
    D. Urafiki wa kejeli.

NAMBA YAKO YA MTIHANI	
JINA LAKO	
JINA LA SHULE YAKO	

SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika namba yako kamili ya mtihani, jina la shule yako.

2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi uliyoachiwa.

Umepewa dakika 40 kuandika insha yako.

<u>Kulima mavune, kuvuna vicheko</u>

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Insha Darasa la Nane (8)

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Insha Darasa la Nane (8)

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Insha Darasa la Nane (8)

SOARING HIGH IN KCPE EXAM

SECOND PREDICTION 2021

PROVIDENT

SCIENCE

Time: 1 hour 40 minut[e]

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use only an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

> YOUR INDEX NUMBER
> YOUR NAME
> NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing **a dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full index number (i.e School Code Number and the three- figure Candidate's number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any mark outside the boxes.
8. Keep the answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT.**
9. For each of the questions 1-50, answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing **a dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In The Question Booklet.

24. Animals that feed on plants **ONLY** are called_____.
    A. rodents
    B. omnivorous
    C. carnivores
    D. herbivorous

The correct answer is **D** on the answer sheet:

20 [A] [B] [C] [D] 21 [A] [B] [C] [D] 22 [A] [B] [C] [D] 23 [A] [B] [C] [D] 24 [A] [B] [C] [D]

11. Your **dark line MUST** be written in the box
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

This questions papers consist of 8 printed pages

1. In one of the following parts, digestion of food takes place but no digestive juice is produced. Which one is it?
   A. Mouth
   B. stomach
   C. Duodenum
   D. Ileum

2. The diagram below shows the human breathing system
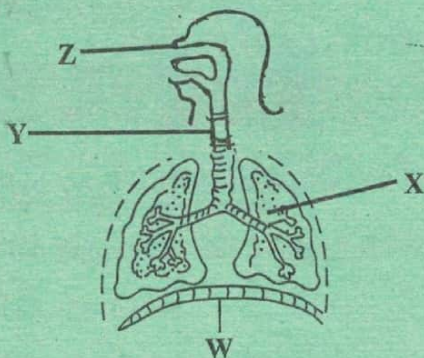
   In which pair of parts labeled W, X, Y and Z is air cleaned, warmed and moistened?
   A. W and X
   B. X and Y
   C. W and Z
   D. Y and Z

3. A person looks healthy, tested negative and could infect others. The stage of HIV/AIDS the person likely to be is ?
   A. Window
   B. Incubation
   C. Symptomatic
   D. Full blown

4. Which of the following sexually transmitted diseases is not caused by a bacteria?
   A. Syphilis
   B. gonorrhea
   C. HIV/AIDS
   D. chancroid

5. Which one of the following pairs of planets takes the shortest time to go round the sun.
   A. Mars and Mercury
   B. Venus and Jupiter
   C. Earth and Saturn
   D. Mercury and Venus

6. In order to make a certain weather instrument, a pupil assembled the following materials.
   i)   a sheet of aluminium metal
   ii)   some short and long nails
   iii) wooden planks
   iv)   a biro pen casing
   Which one of the following instruments was the pupils likely to make?
   A. wind vane
   B. liquid thermometer
   C. rain gauge
   D. windsock

7. Three of the following are some adaptations of plants that grow in dry areas except.
   A. Very small leaves
   B. reduced number of stomata
   C. thin stem cuticle
   D. reserved opening and closing of the stomata

8. Which one of the following groups consists only of storage pests.

   A. Weevils, aphids, weaver birds
   B. aphids, weaver birds, white ants
   C. Weevils, white ants, stalk borers
   D. weevils, white ants, rats

9. Which one of the following is a characteristic of reptiles

   A. lay their eggs in water
   B. live partly in water
   C. have internal fertilization
   D. breathe through gills in water

10. Pupils investigating good and poor conductors of electricity used a set-up shown in the diagram below.
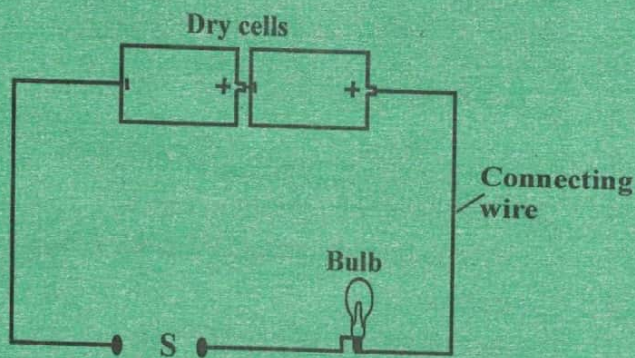
Material E when used to connect wires at position S would make the bulb not light and material F would make the bulb light.

Materials E and F are likely to be

   A. Pencil and iron nail
   B. Paper sheet and piece of thread
   C. Cello tape and silver coin
   D. Aluminium foil and razor blade

11. In which of the following activities is water used for recreation

   A. cleaning tools and equipment
   B. boat racing
   C. washing cars
   D. watering plants

12. Which one of the following is an advantage of soft water?

   A. saves soap during washing
   B. does not lather easily with soap
   C. used in the brewing industry
   D. forms scum with soap

13. The diagram below represents a tyre of a vehicle.
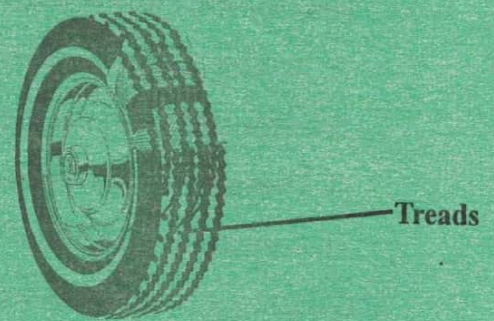
The treads ion the vehicle tyre
   A. improve grip on the road
   B. control the direction of movement
   C. reduce the force that hinders movement
   D. make it last longer

14. The following are methods of maintain simple tools

   i)   Cleaning after use
   ii) Proper storage
   iii) Sharpening cutting edges
   iv) Proper use of tools

Which of the methods increases the efficiency of a machine

   A. i
   B. ii
   C. iii
   D. iv

SCIENCE 8

15. Which of the following components of air is used for making fire extinguishers one that has _____
    A. 78%
    B. 21%
    C. 0.03%
    D. 0.97%

16. Which one of the following pairs of processes are as a result of losing heat and absorbing heat respectively?
    A. melting and evaporating
    B. evaporating and melting
    C. freezing and condensing
    D. condensing and evaporating

17. Which one of the following is true about solids and liquids?
    A. they have a definite volume
    B. they have a definite shape
    C. they have an indefinite mass
    D. they have an indefinite weight

18. Which one of the following mixtures cannot be separated easily ?
    A. salt and sugar
    B. sand and wheat flour
    C. rice and small stones
    D. copper and steel

19. The diagram below shows an improvised windsock.
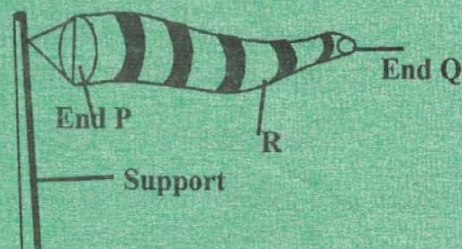
The part labeled R should
    A. have end P open and end Q closed
    B. be painted in big bright strips
    C. have end Q larger than end P
    D. be made of a light polythene sheet

20. Formation of a rainbow can be demonstrated by the following activities except when
    A. observing the sun through a horizontally held transparent biro pen casing
    B. placing a mirror in water to face the sun
    C. spraying water in the air from the mouth in bright sunshine
    D. placing a biro pen casing on water in a glass container

21. Which one of the following is not a source of natural light?
    A. moon
    B. sun
    C. Erupting volcano
    D. fire flies

22. Which one of the following consists of food that mainly protect us from diseases?
   A. beef, cassava, potatoes
   B. mutton, maize, pawpaw
   C. peas, beans, eggs
   D. mangoes, cabbages, kales

23. The diagram below shows a type of clouds

The presence of the type of clouds shown is a sign of
A. low temperatures
B. fine weather
C. strong winds blowing
D. heavy rain falling soon

24. Which of the following pairs shows the correct use of rare gases?
   A. Germination and burning
   B. advertisements and making electric bulbs
   C. extinguishing fire and breathing
   D. respiration and photosynthesis

25. Which one of the following is mostly polluted when farmers excessively use farm chemicals?
   A. Water
   B. soil
   C. air
   D. crops

26. Which one of the following is a function of plasma?
   A. carrying oxygen
   B. clotting of blood
   C. fight germs
   D. carrying waste products

27. The following are some effects of drug abuse
   i)   Rape
   ii)   Addiction
   iii) Truancy
   iv)   Impaired judgment
   v)   Drug induced accidents

   Which one of the following pairs consists of health and Social effects respectively
   A. i ,iii
   B. ii, iv
   C. ii ,v
   D. i, v

28. The chart below represents a simple classification of crops
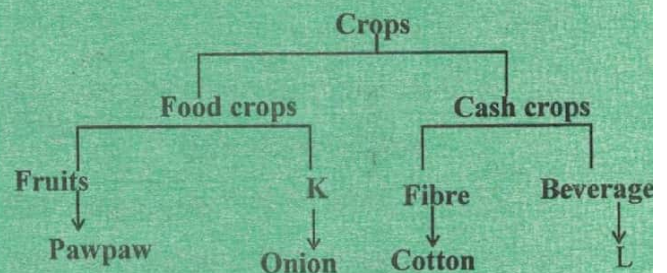
Which one of the following options correctly represents K and L
   A. Vegetable and Sunflower
   B. Legume and Coconut
   C. Vegetable and Coffee
   D. Tuber and Tea

SCIENCE 8

29. Which one of the following plants are likely to be found growing in soils that lack nitrogen?

   A. Pitcher plant and sundew
   B. Mushroom and butter wort
   C. Sunflower and toadstool
   D. Sundew and toadstool

30. The diagram below shows the type of arrangement of teeth on the jaws of a certain animal.

The part labeled X is for

   A. holding vegetable material tightly
   B. allowing space for more food
   C. preventing the animal from biting its tongue
   D. turning vegetable material in the mouth for chewing

31. Which one of the following animals can be kept for producing milk for sale?

   A. Goat and cow
   B. Sheep and Pig
   C. Poultry and cattle
   D. Sheep and goats

32. The following are characteristics of animals

   i)   Internal fertilization
   ii) have scales
   iii) lay eggs in water
   iv) Breathe through lungs

Which two characteristics are true for fish only?

   A. i,ii
   B. ii,iv
   C. ii,iii
   D. iv,iii

33. The method of grazing whereby a rope is the main requirement is

   A. Tethering
   B. Herding
   C. Paddocking
   D. Stall feeding

34. Which one of the following pairs of machines is made up of levers only?

   A. Spade and crowbar
   B. ladder and staircase
   C. staircase and wheelbarrow
   D. claw hammer and ladder

35. In which one of the following is friction a disadvantage?

   A. Having treads on tyres
   B. Breaking of a bicycle on road
   C. Shoes having rough soles
   D. Production of heat on moving parts

36. In an investigation on factors affecting floating and sinking pupils carried out the following activities.

   i)   Cut a small piece of copper wire and put it in water
   ii) Cut a longer piece of copper wire and put it in water

Which of the following factors were the pupils investigating?

   A. Material
   B. size
   C. mass
   D. shape

37. Which one of the following does not require a medium to pass?
   A. Electricity and sound
   B. heat and light
   C. sound and light
   D. electricity and heat

38. Which one of the following is an opaque material?
   A. Kerosene
   B. Mirror
   C. frosted glass
   D. clean water

39. Which one of the following is a safety measure against current electricity?
   A. Leaning against the wall.
   B. not sheltering under a tree
   C. not operating switches with wet hands
   D. not being a tallest object in an open space.

40. A mother who has just given birth needs a lot of iron in order to _____
   A. produce enough milk
   B. formation of blood for the baby
   C. formation of strong bones for the baby
   D. to replace blood lost during parturition

41. Which one of the following methods conserves soil by conserving soil moisture?
   A. terracing
   B. mulching
   C. tree planting
   D. contour farming

42. When pupils put some soil in a container with water, they saw **bubbles coming out**, this indicated presence of
   A. Air in the soil
   B. organic matter
   C. mineral particles
   D. water in the soil

43. The diagram below represents processes E, F, G and H which bring out changes in states of water.
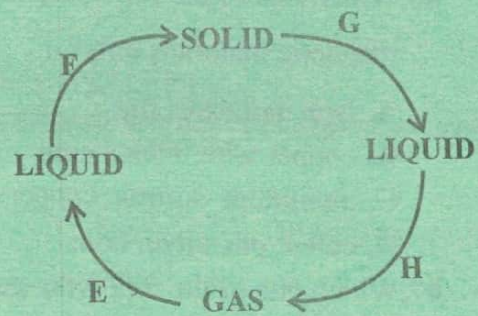
The processes which requires decrease in temperatures are presented by?
   A. E and F
   B. C. G and F
   C. G and H
   D. D. E and H

44. The following are characteristics of soil
   i) Fine particles
   ii) cracks when dry
   iii) large particles
   iv) good water retention
   v) good drainage

   Which of the following are characteristics of the soil that has a lot of air in it?
   A. i,ii
   B. iii,iv
   C. iii,v
   D. ii,iii

45. A teacher described a certain weed as follows:
   i) has large white flowers
   ii) fruits have thorns

   Pupils identified the weed as
   A. Mexican Marigold
   B. Pig weed
   C. Black jack
   D. Datura

46. Which one of the following has magnetic materials only?

   A. Iron nail, steel rod
   B. copper wire, nickel coin
   C. aluminum sufuria, copper coin
   D. cobalt pin, silver coin

47. Which one of the following gases makes approximately 21% in air

   A. Oxygen and nitrogen
   B. Oxygen and carbon dioxide
   C. carbon dioxide and rare gases
   D. rare gases and nitrogen

48. Which one of the following does not pollute soil?

   A. Excess fertilizers
   B. engine oil
   C. organic waste
   D. polythene papers

49. The diagram below represents a set-up that can be used to demonstrate a certain aspect of matter
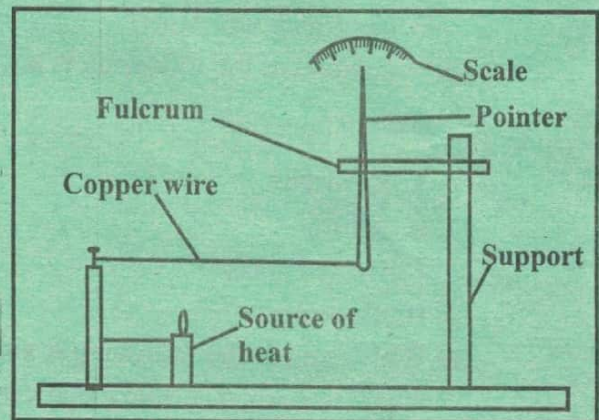
   The aspect that can be demonstrated is

   A. conduction and convection
   B. conduction and contraction
   C. expansion and convection
   D. expansion and contraction

50. The sketch below represents a safety sign when dealing with electricity
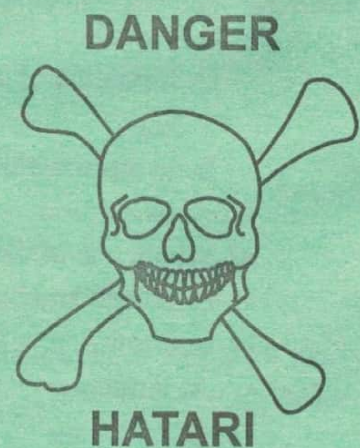
   The sign is warning not to

   A. overload electricity socket
   B. use appliances with damaged plugs
   C. play near electrical equipment
   D. insert objects into electricity .

SCIENCE 8

SOARING HIGH IN KCPE EXAM
SECOND PREDICTION 2021

SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

SOCIAL STUDIES & RE

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES (Please read these instructions carefully)

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use only an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:
   YOUR INDEX NUMBER
   YOUR NAME
   NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL
6. By drawing **a dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full index number (i.e School Code Number and the three- figure Candidate's number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any mark outside the boxes.
8. Keep the answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each of the questions 1-90, answers are given. The answer are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing **a dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example
   In the Question Booklet:
33.   In Kenya, Laws are made by :-
   A. Executive
   B. Cabinet
   C. National assembly
   D. Judiciary

30 [A] [B] [C] [D] 31   [A] [B] [C] [D]   32 [A] [B] [C] [D] 33 [A] [B] [C] [D] 34 [A] [B] [C] [D]
The correct answer is 'C'
On the answer sheet:

11.   Your **dark line MUST** be written in the box.
12.   For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

This questions papers consist of 8 printed pages   **TURN OVER**

TIVA AREA
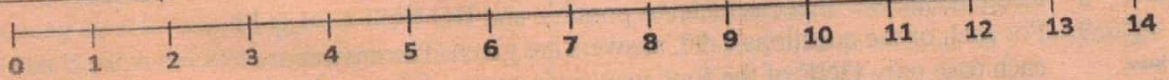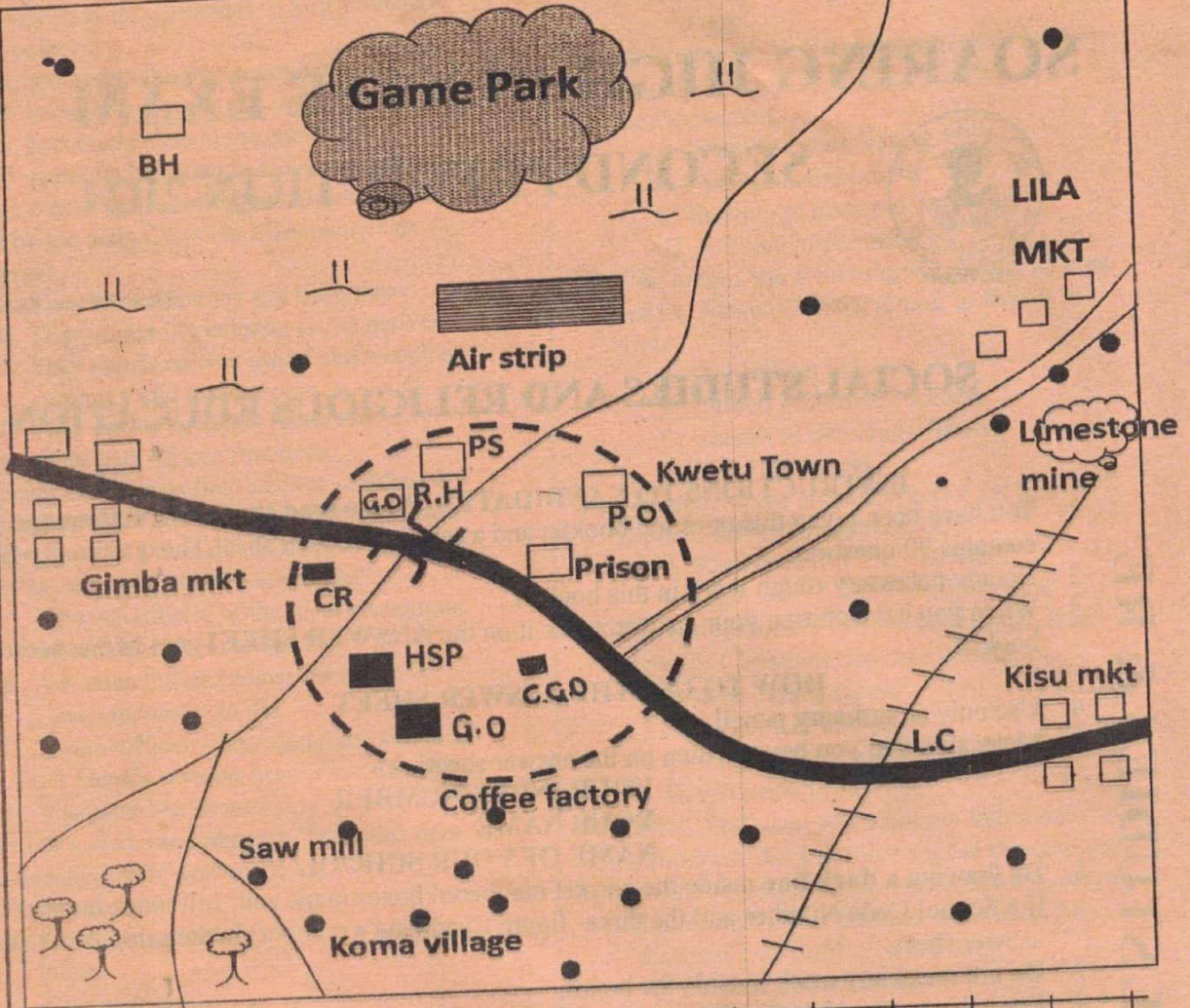
Game Park

BH

LILA

MKT

Limestone mine

Air strip

PS

G.O R.H

Kwetu Town

P.O

Gimba mkt

Prison

CR

HSP

C.G.O

G.O

Kisu mkt

L.C

Coffee factory

Saw mill

Koma village

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

- Forest

- Scrub

- River and the bridge

- Settlements

HSP - Hospital

CR - Crematorium

PS - Police station

- Permanent buildings

- Limestone mine

- Air strip

P.O - Post Office

C.CO - County Commissioner office

G.O - Governor's office

C.G.O - County Government office

1. The climate of the Southern Western part of the area covered by the map is likely to be:
   A. Cool and Wet
   B. Hot and dry
   C. Hot and Wet
   D. Cool and dry
2. The Administrative head of TIVA area is the?
   A Governor
   B. Area MP
   C. county commissioner
   D. County representative
3. The land in the area covered by the map rises from?
   A. North East to South West
   B. North West to East
   C. North West to South East
   D. South West to North East
4. Which of the following is **NOT** an economic activity carried out in Tiva area?
   A. Farming
   B. Trading
   C. Transport
   D. Fishing
5. The main reason that has influenced population distribution in the Southern part of the area covered by the map is?
   A. good transport net
   B. nearness to town
   C. fertile soils in the area
   D. good climate
6. The approximate area of the game park in square kilometres
   A. 12 km²   B. 16km²
   C. 4km²   D. 20 km²
7. Saku wants to start a business at Gimba market from which office is he going to obtain his trading licence?
   A. County Government   B. Chiefs office
   C. DO's office at town   D. Police station
8. Which of these pre-historic sites is **NOT** found in Ethiopia?
   A. Melka Konturi   B. Omo Valley
   C. Hadar   D. Kondoa
9. Which of the following is **NOT** an example of items made in traditional industries?
   A. Basket   B. Fisth traps
   C. Tyres   D. Bows and arrows
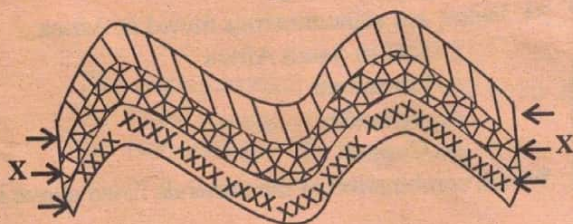
Use the diagram below to answer questions 10 and 11.

10. The forces X are _____ forces.
   A. Tensional
   B. Compressional
   C. Folding
   D. Faulting
11. Which of these is **NOT** an example of a mountain formed through the process represented by the map?
   A. Ruwenzori
   B. Atlas
   C. Cape Ranges
   D. Drankensburg
12. Which of these is the least important benefit of African rivers?
   A. They are a major source of water for man
   B. They are a major source of water for irrigation
   C. They help in generation of Hydro-electric power
   D. They are a major transport water way.
13. Who among these African leaders never voluntarily retired from politics?
   A. Leopold Senghor
   B. Jomo Kenyatta
   C. Julius Nyerere
   D. Nelson Mandela
14. In which of the following ways is a person likely to be infected with HIV and AIDS?
   A. Sharing injection needles with an infected person
   B. By shaking hands with an infected person
   C. By sharing clothes with an infected person
   D. By playing games with an infected person
15. The first Black President of South Africa was:
   A. Samora Machel
   B. Nelson Mandela
   C. F.W. De Klerk
   D. Robert Mugabe
16. Brian, a boy in class eight has seen a pen misplaced in his class. The **BEST** thing for him to do is:
   A. Retain the pen with him
   B. Give one of his friends
   C. Hand over the pen to the teacher
   D. Leave the pen where he has seen it.
17. Which of the following was **NOT** a way of interaction in the past?
   A. Trade
   B. Games and sports
   C. Religious rituals
   D. During raids and wars

18. The MAIN reason why the mau mau war was fought was **MAINLY** because:
    A. They wanted to get back their land
    B. Africans were forced to pay taxes
    C. Africans were mistreated
    D. Africans wanted to be given independence

19. Which of these is **NOT** a reason why Kenyans should take part in voting during elections?
    A. To obey the laws of land
    B. To elect responsible leaders
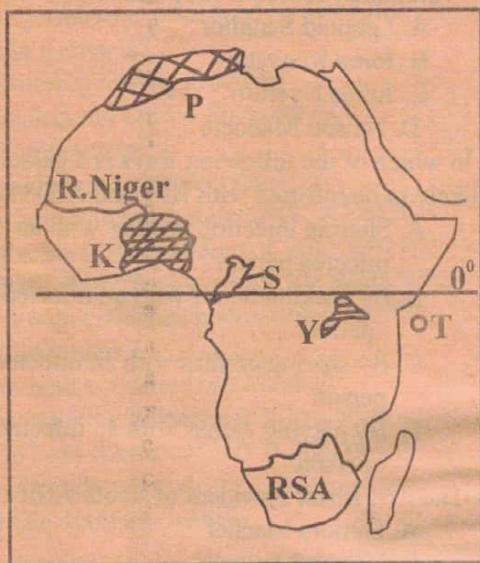   C. To elect the party of their choice
    D. To ensure that the country is governed well

20. Below is a description of a type of soil:
    i. Has small particles
    ii. Has high water holding capacity
    iii. Sticky when wet
    The soil type described here is:-
    A. Sandy   B. Loam
    C. Red volcanic   D. Clay

Use the map below to answer questions 21- 24

21. The countries marked S and T were respectively colonized by
    A. Belgium and France
    B. France and Britain
    C. Spain and France
    D. France and Portugal

22. Which of the following communities is found in shaded region marked K?
    A. Berbers and Tuaregs
    B. Ibo and Yoruba
    C. Ovahimba and Ndebele
    D. Sotho and Kanuri

23. The major tourists attraction in the shaded area marked Y is
    A. warm sandy beaches

    B. Victoria falls
    C. The ruins of Great Zimbambwe
    D. Variety of wild animals

24. The shaded climatic region marked P receives rainfall
    A. When the sun is overhead
    B. Twice in a year
    C. During the cold season
    D. Which is over 1500mm per year

25. The following are ways through which the youths were taught in the past **EXCEPT** one. Which one?
    A. Singing and dancing
    B. reading and arithmetic
    C. stories and riddles
    D. proverbs and folk dances

26. The **MAIN** aim of forming the **UNO** in 1945 was to:
    A. Promote human rights
    B. Promote unity in political systems
    C. Promote world peace
    D. Promote trade

27. Which of these statements about council of elders is **NOT TRUE**?
    A. Mainly settled disputes
    B. Allocated land
    C. Defended communities against enemies
    D. Made important decisions

28. Matatu accidents in Kenya have become more in recent years. This has been caused by
    A. Smooth tarmac roads
    B. Presence of many vehicles
    C. Carelessness of road users
    D. Bad weather

29. The immediate action that parents should take if their child has been sexually abused by a stranger is to:
    A. Report to the police
    B. Advise the pupil against talking to strangers
    C. Look for the strangers
    D. Take the girl to hospital for medical checkup

30. Which one of the following is **NOT** a responsibility of children in a family?
    A. Respect and obey their parents
    B. Take care of the family property
    C. Provide security to other members of the family
    D. Behave in a way that promotes unity in the family

31. Below are some minerals mined in Africa:
    i. Gold in South Africa
    ii. Limestone
    iii. Soda ash
    iv. Copper
    Which combination of the minerals listed above is

mined using the opencast method?
A. ii and iv
B. iv and ii
C. i and ii
D. iii and iv

32. Which of the following human rights is a person in prison denied?
A. Right to worship
B. Right to security
C. freedom of movement
D Freedom of association

33. In which of the following ways have the Maasai Pastoralists benefited from the government support?
A. They are given money to buy animal feeds during the dry season
B. Towns have been built in grazing areas to provide market
C. Wild animals have been removed to create more land for grazing
D. Boreholes have been drilled to provide water in the grazing areas

34. Which of the following statements is **NOT TRUE** about the policy of assimilation in Senegal?
A. Assimilated Africans could not practice their customary laws
B. Assimilated Africans could be voted to French National Assembly
C. Assimilated Africans worked in European farms
D. Assimilated Africans could vote and be voted for.

35. The main reason why the government encourages forest conservation?
A. Protect rare species of trees
B. Protect the sources of rivers
C. Protect homes for animals
D. Provide enough raw materials for the paper industries

36. The diagram below shows a method of fishing
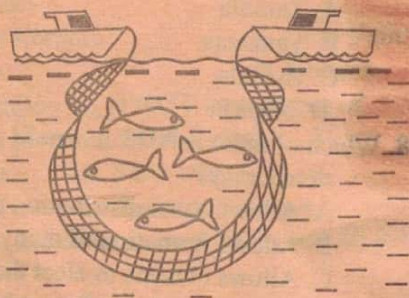
The fishing method shown in the diagram is
A. Purse seining   C. Trawling
B. Net-drifting   D. Long-lining

37. Which of the following countries in Eastern Africa has the largest Semitic influence?
A. Somalia
B. Kenya
C. Sudan
D. Ethiopia

38. Which of the following statements is TRUE about lake Victoria:
A. It is a depressional lake
B. It is a source of minerals
C. It is the largest lake in the Rift valley
D. It is centre of inland drainage

39. In Kenya government policies are made by
A. Legislature
B. Police Force
C. Judiciary
D. Cabinet

40. Which of the following Kenyan communities is correctly matched with it's traditional leader:
A. Miji-Kenda Sakawa
B. Nandi Mekatilili
C. Abagusii Samoei
D. Maasai Oloibon

41. The weather element recorded using the instrument shown below is:
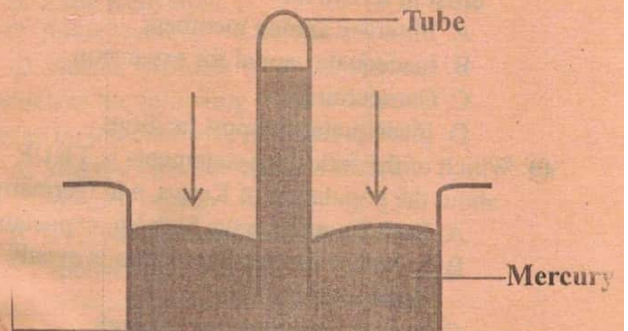
A. Atmospheric water
B. Temperature
C. Rainfall
D. Air pressure

42. Drug abuse is being discouraged in Kenya mainly because:
A. Drugs are expensive
B. It affects peoples health
C. It leads to unlawful trade
D. It encourages lawlessness

43. Which of the following is TRUE about the areas where wheat is grown:
A. The areas have clay soil
B. The areas have low altitude
C. The areas experience high temperatures
D. The areas receive moderate rainfall

44. Which one of the following was the main function of Nakuru town? When it started.
A. Agricultural
B. Communicatin
C. Administrative
D. Commercial

45. Which of the following police units in Kenya is correctly matched with its duty:
A. General Service Unit — Assisting in stopping riots
B. Administrative Police — Guarding suspected criminals
C. C.I.D. — Providing security to government officers
D. Dog Handlers Unit — Recovering stolen animals

46. Which one of the following is **NOT** a characteristics of Equitorial climate:
A. High temperatures throughout the year
B. The area receives two distinct rainy seasons
C. The region mainly receives convectional rainfall
D. The climate is influenced by warm Guinea Currents

47. Which of the means of transport is the cheapest on land?
A. Road
B. Air
C. Rail
D. Water

48. The main problem experienced by Jua Kali artist in Kenya is?
A. Illiteracy among members
B. Inadequate capital for expansion
C. Competition
D. Inadequate transport facilities

49. Which of the following statements is **TRUE** about the population of Kenya, and Germany.
A. Both countries have high life expectancy
B. In both countries population is evenly distributed
C. In both countries there is high population densities in urban areas
D. In both countries there is high rate of Crime

Study the diagram below
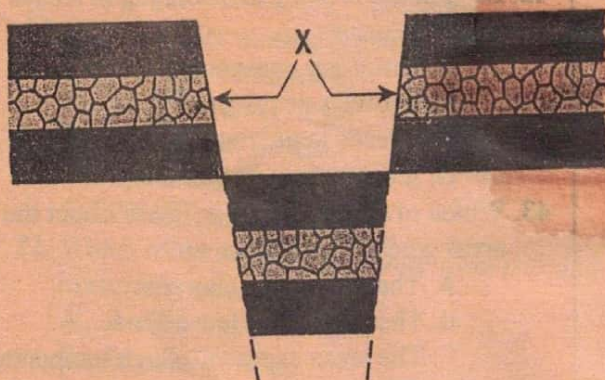
50. The feature above was formed as a result of
A. sinking   B.   Folding
C. Faulting   D.   Volcanicity

51. Which of the following problems is NOT a problem facing Tourism in Kenya:

A. Inadequate sites
B. Poor infrastructure
C. Insecurity
D. Competition from other countries

52. Kabe finds a herd of elephants from a nearby game park damaging his crops. Which one of the following actions should he take?
A. Ask the neighbours to help him kill the animals
B. Drive the animals to the police station
C. Chase the animals away from his farm
D. Report the matter to the Kenya wildlife services

53. Which of the following statements is true about Swaziland:
A. Elections are held after five years
B. The head of the government is the King
C. The head of state appoints the cabinet
D. It was a Pourtuguese colony

54. Which of the following is NOT an economic benefit of river projects in Africa:
A. Production of H.E.P.
B. Provides water for irrigation
C. Controlling floods
D. Providing fishing grounds

55. The best way of encouraging Kenyans to be law abiding is by:
A. Rewarding those who obeys the laws of the land
B. Punishing those who break the laws of the land
C. Educating people on the importance of obeying the laws of the land
D. Praising those who obey the law

56. Who among these was not a founder member of KANU:
A. James Gichuru
B. Tom Mboya
C. Odinga Oginga
D. Ronald Ngala

57. The headquarters of COMESA are in:
A. Zambia
B. Tanzania
C. Uganda
D. Nigeria

58. Which of these is **NOT** a benefit of democracy?
A. Allows equal distribution of land
B. Allows formation of many parties
C. Allows citizens to elect their leaders
D. Allows freedom of speech

59. Location of Bamburi cement was **MAINLY** influenced by:
A. Availability of land
B. Availability of raw materials
C. Availability of water
D. Availability of good transport

60. Which of these is NOT one of the national Philosophies in Kenya:
   A. Nyayoism
   B. Harambee
   C. African Socialism
   D. Pan Africanism

PART II
CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following statements from the Bible shows that God wanted human beings to take care of the environment:
   A. Let us make man in our own image
   B. Have many children and fill the earth
   C. Let the earth produce all kinds of animal's life
   D. Live all over the earth and bring it under control

62. What do Christians learn about the relationship between husband and wife from the Genesis stories of creation:
   A. They should fear one another
   B. They should help one another
   C. The wife should obey the husband
   D. The husband should have power over the life

63. Which one of the following is NOT an example of drug abuse:
   A. Taking medicine without a prescription from the doctor
   B. Habitually depending on drugs
   C. Taking medicine prescribed by a doctor
   D. Injecting oneself with heroin

64. To help the youths use their energy fruitfully and use their time fully, the society should:
   A. Construct more schools
   B. Provide more recreation facilities
   C. Introduce sex education in the school curriculum
   D. Instill more discipline in the youth

65. Which commandment did the devil tempt Jesus to break:
   A. Worship no God but me
   B. Observe the Sabbath day and keep it holy
   C. Do not commit murder
   D. Do not use my name for evil purposes

66. The three of the following categories of books in the New Testament. Which one is NOT?
   A. Epistles
   B. Historical
   C. Gospels
   D. Wisdom

67. Which one of the following statements does not describe the character of God according to the traditional African society?
   A. God is jealous
   B. God is merciful
   C. God is the father of the community
   D. God is the sustainer of the universe

68. Which one of the following types of worship is practiced in both Christianity and traditional African communities:
   A. reading of scriptures
   B. confessing of sins
   C. reciting of creeds
   D. celebration of sacraments

69. Which one of the following statement is a traditional African belief about God?
   A. God is the giver of life
   B. God will come to judge the world
   C. God is guarded by angels
   D. God is three in one

70. Who among the following prophets foretold that Messiah would give sight to the blind:
   A. Ezekiel
   B. Micah
   C. Jeremiah
   D. Isaiah

71. Which of the following is the BEST reason why Jesus and His parents went to live in Egypt?
   A. There was drought in Nazareth
   B. There was a good harvest in Egypt
   C. King Herod wanted to kill Jesus
   D. Pharaoh invited the family there

72. The Roman Emperor who was ruling when Jesus was born:
   A. Herod
   B. Caesar Augustus
   C. Quirinuis
   D. Pontius Pilate

73. From the book of Genesis we learn that Joseph requested his brothers to carry his remains to the promised land when he died. Which one of the following reasons best explains why he did so?
   A. There are no graves in Egypt
   B. He was a foreigner in Egypt
   C. The Israelites believed in life after death
   D. He wished to be buried in the land of his forefathers

74. Which one of the following did not take place when Jesus died:
   A. God's people who died rose and were seen in Jerusalem
   B. There was darkness for three hours
   C. Religious leaders and elders repented of their sins
   D. The temple curtain was torn into two

75. In traditional African communities children are told folk tales MAINLY to:
   A. keep them occupied
   B. teach them moral values
   C. entertain them
   D. teach them the history of their community

76. It is important for Christians to forgive others in order to:
    A. win respect in the community
    B. become famous in the community
    C. become leaders in the community
    D. maintain harmony in the community

77. Which one of the following activities was NOT done by the early Christian Missionaries to Kenya?
    A. They built churches and hospitals
    B. They taught Christianity to the natives
    C. They taught natives useful skills such as carpentry and masonry
    D. They encouraged and promoted traditional African practices.

78. But Jesus said 'Let us first feed the children. It isn't right to take the children's food and throw it to the dogs' to whom did Jesus give this reply from the request that had been made?
    A. Jairus an official of the local synagogue whose daughter was dead
    B. A Roman Officer whose servant was sick and about to die
    C. Jewish Officer whose daughter was dead
    D. A Gentile woman from Syria whose daughter had **demon**

79. After Jesus died, the statement 'Truly this man was the son of God' was made by:
    A. Nicodemus
    B. The repentant thief
    C. Pilate
    D. The Centurion

80. Who among the following Kings disobeyed God's command to kill all animals captured in war?
    A. Saul   B. Solomon
    C. Jeroboam   D. Ahab

81. The main reason why King Solomon built the temple in Jerusalem was to:-
    A. unite the people of Israel
    B. have a place for offering sacrifice to God
    C. to fulfill the Prophesy of Nathan
    D. have a place for keeping the Ark of the Covenant

82. The boy raised to life by Prophet Elijah was the son of the :
    A. Rich Shunemite woman
    B. Canaanite woman
    C. Widow of Zarephath
    D. Widow of Nain

83. Which of the following statements is true about Joshua:
    A. He led the Israelites in the making of the Sinai Covenant
    B. He received the Ten Commandments from God
    C. He led the Israelites into Promised Land
    D. He led the Israelites out of bondage in Egypt

84. Which one of the following activities by the communities in Kenya demonstrate care for God's creation:
    A. Wildlife Conservation
    B. Road Construction
    C. Burning of charcoal
    D. building of factories

85. Who among the following missionary groups sent Dr. Johann Ludwig Krapft to Kenya in 1844:
    A. Holy Ghost fathers
    B. Church Missionary society
    C. Church of Scotland Mission
    D. Mill Hill fathers

86. The story of the annunciation of the birth of Jesus is written in the book of:
    A. Revelation   B. Mark
    C. Luke   D. Romans

87. The temptations of Jesus Christ in the desert teaches Christians that they should:
    A. seek earthly riches
    B. do the will of God
    C. look for food when hungry
    D. run away from trials

88. "I will send upon you what my father has promised. But you must wait in the city until the power from above comes down upon you (Luke 24:29) This promise of Jesus to his disciples was fulfilled when they:
    A. Chose Judas successor
    B. Choose the seven deacons
    C. Shared their belongings with one another
    D. Received the Holy Spirit

89. During school holidays, Atieno a standard eight pupil was involved in the activities listed below: Which one of them is the best example of the use of leisure:
    A. she visited grandparents' home
    B. she took part in a walk to raise money for a community centre
    C. she attended her cousin's wedding party
    D. she celebrated her birthday to which she invited her friends

90. Your classmate John has a habit of throwing waste papers in the school compound. The best action for you to take is to:
    A. Remind him of how to care of the environment
    B. Place dust bins in the compound
    C. Report him to the class teacher
    D. Ask him to collect the papers