

KCPE NOVEMBER 2023 PREDICTION MASTER CYCLE 7 5160077

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KENYA NATIONAL PREDICTION TESTS

KCPE



516007

SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES (Please read these instructions carefully)

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use only an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a **dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep the sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the questions 1-90 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet, show the correct answer by drawing a **dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In the Question Booklet:

44. The method used by the Portuguese to administer Mozambique was

- A. Assimilation
- B. Indirect rule
- C. Association policy
- D. Direct rule

The correct answer is "D".

On the answer sheet:

4. (A) (B) (C) (D) 14. (A) (B) (C) (D) 24. (A) (B) (C) (D) 34. (A) (B) (C) (D) 44. (A) (B) (C) (D)

In the set of boxes numbered 44, the box with the letter **D** printed in it is marked.

11. Your **dark line** **MUST** be within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.



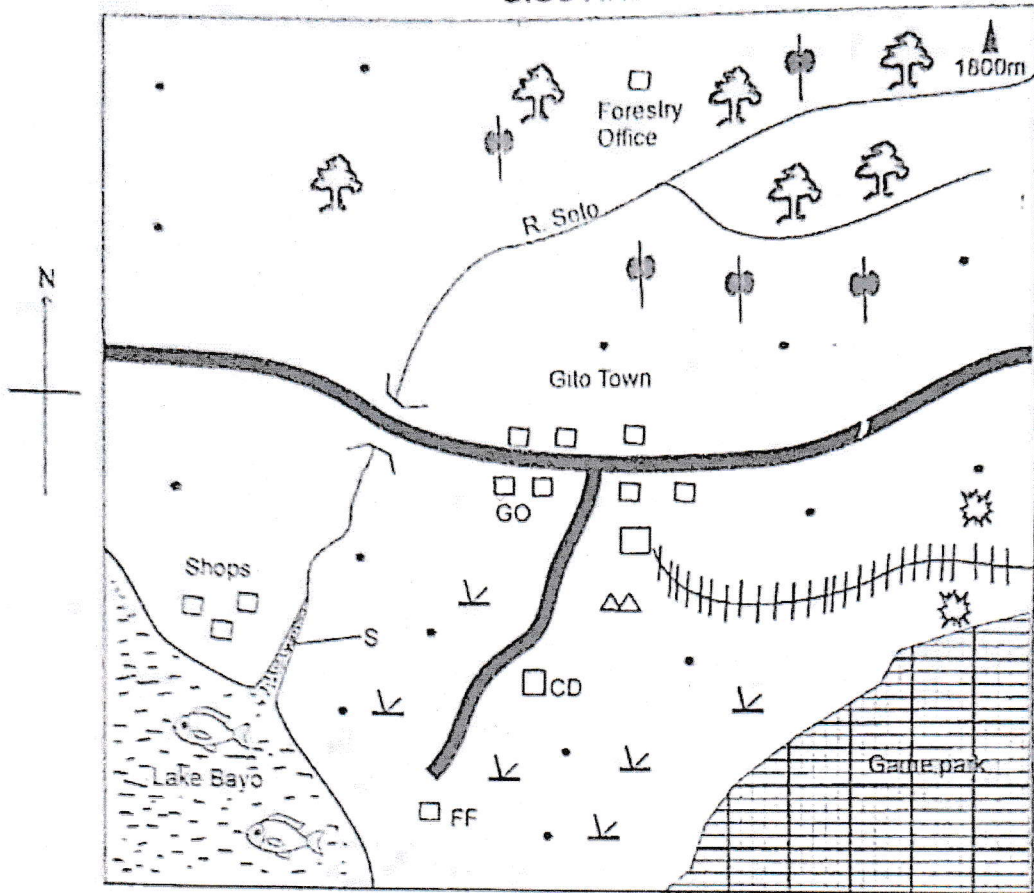
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This question paper consists of 12 printed pages.

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DIGO AREA

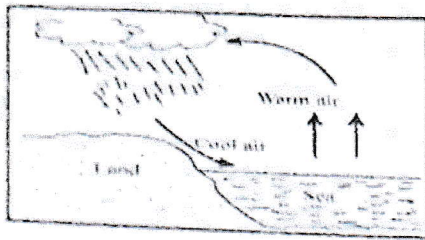


	Tarmac road		Scrub		Mining areas
	Fish traps		GO Office of the governor		
	Railway line		Cement factory		
	River and bridge		Tea		
	Permanent buildings		Cattle Dip		
	Settlements		Hill tops		
	Planted Forest		Fish Factory		

Study the map of Digo area and answer questions 1 - 7.

1. The general slope of the land in Digo area is from
 - A. North West
 - B. South West
 - C. South East
 - D. North East
2. The approximate area of the gamepark in Digo area in square kilometres is
 - A. 15km²
 - B. 22km²
 - C. 14km²
 - D. 6km²
3. Which one of the following products is transported along the railway line to Gito town?
 - A. Livestock
 - B. Fish
 - C. Limestone
 - D. Timber.
4. The following economic activities are practised in Digo area except
 - A. trade
 - B. lumbering
 - C. mining
 - D. tourism.
5. The type of soil in the North Eastern part of Digo area is likely to be
 - A. volcanic soil
 - B. alluvial soil
 - C. clay soil
 - D. sandy soil.
6. The type of climate in the southern part of Digo area can be described as
 - A. hot and wet
 - B. hot and dry
 - C. cool and dry
 - D. cool and wet.
7. The feature formed along River Seto at the place marked S is
 - A. an estuary
 - B. a delta
 - C. a confluence
 - D. a meander.
8. The Mijikenda migrated from the Shungwaya area because
 - A. they wanted fertile farming areas
 - B. there were internal conflicts
 - C. they were searching for better pastures
 - D. they were attacked by the Oromo.
9. The purpose of a school motto is to describe the
 - A. daily routine of a school
 - B. achievements of a school
 - C. aims of a school
 - D. history of a school.
10. Which one of the following pairs consists of mountains formed through erosion?
 - A. Tibesti and Ahaggar
 - B. Karras and Akwapim.
 - C. Danakil and Ruwenzori.
 - D. Atlas and Drakensburg.
11. Which one of the following groups consists of plain Nilotes in Eastern Africa?
 - A. Iteso, Samburu, Katamanjong.
 - B. Dinka, Japadhola, Borana.
 - C. Orma, Burji, Borana.
 - D. Sabaot, Ogiek, Tugen.

12. The diagram below shows the formation of convectional rainfall.



The type of rainfall shown above is experienced in the following areas **except**

- A. Accra on the coast of Ghana
 B. southern parts of Uganda
 C. areas around mount Elgon
 D. coastal lowlands of Tanzania.
13. Cultural artifacts that are kept in museums are important because they
- A. create jobs in museums
 B. preserve people's culture
 C. earn foreign exchange
 D. are symbols of national unity.
14. Below are factors that influence population growth in a country.
- (i) *Cultural practices.*
 (ii) *Early marriages.*
 (iii) *Religious beliefs*
 (iv) *Government policies.*
 (v) *High education.*
- Which one of the following groups is made up of factors that lead to rapid population growth?
- A. (i), (ii), (iii)
 B. (iii), (iv), (v)
 C. (i), (iii), (v)
 D. (ii), (iv), (v)
15. Who among the following traditional African leaders collaborated with the British during the pre-colonial period?
- A. Chief Mkwawa
 B. Kabaka Mwangi
 C. King Lewanika
 D. Samouri Toure.

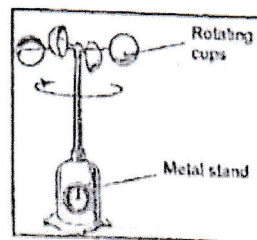
16. Agroforestry is a term soil conservation that refers to
- A. planting of crops and trees together
 B. ploughing across a hill
 C. planting trees on bare land
 D. building gabions to block gullies.

17. The following are roles of prefects in school management **except**
- A. supervising pupils in school activities
 B. punishing pupils who break rules
 C. reporting cases of indiscipline to teachers
 D. taking care of school property.

18. A farmer whose maize farm has been destroyed by his neighbour's cattle should
- A. report at the nearest police station
 B. negotiate with his neighbour
 C. take his neighbour's cattle as compensation
 D. report his neighbour to religious leaders.

19. Which one of the following was a demand of Kenya African Union (KAU) to the colonial government?
- A. Release of Harry Thuku.
 B. Kenya to continue being a protectorate.
 C. Abolition of destocking.
 D. More African seats in the legco.

20. The diagram below shows a weather instrument.



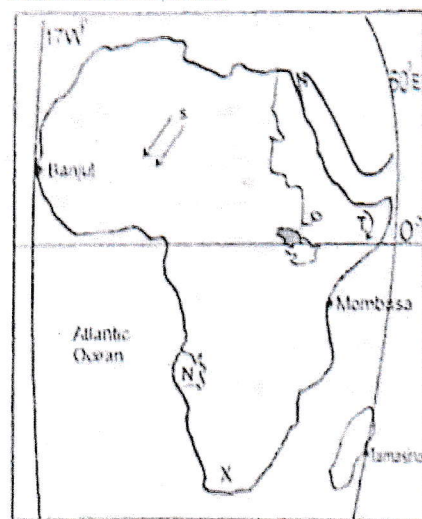
The weather instrument shown above is used to measure

- A. speed of wind
 B. direction of wind
 C. strength of wind
 D. atmospheric pressure.

21. Mgonato has witnessed a pedestrian being knocked down by a car. Which one of the following is the immediate action that he should take?
- Report the case to the police.
 - Give first aid to the victim.
 - Stop all vehicles using that road.
 - Demolish the car that caused the accident.
22. Which one of the following statements about the policy of assimilation in Senegal is correct?
- All Africans were French citizens.
 - Some Africans had same status with the French.
 - Africans were allowed to rule themselves.
 - Africans were not elected to French parliament.
23. The following are characteristics of a type of soil.
- It has large particles.
 - It is easily eroded.
 - It has poor water retention.
- The type of soil described above is
- loam soil
 - clay soil
 - sandy soil
 - volcanic soil.
24. Which one of the following is a responsibility of persons with special needs in the society?
- Paying income tax.
 - Obeying safety rules.
 - Treating other people fairly.
 - Taking part in nation building.
25. Which one of the following traditional weather observation methods indicates the approach of a rainy season?
- Presence of a full moon.
 - Appearance of large swarms of locusts.
 - A clear sky with many stars.
 - Sprouting of leaves on trees.

26. A negative effect immigration of into Kenya is that it leads to
- introduction of new culture
 - growth of slum dwellings
 - growth of industries
 - expansion of health services.
27. Natural forests in Kenya are preserved mainly to
- get a source of firewood
 - make the landscape beautiful
 - protect water catchment areas
 - get a source of timber.
28. The following countries are crossed by the Trans African Highway except
- Tanzania
 - Uganda
 - Kenya
 - Democratic Republic of Congo.

Use the map of Africa below to answer questions 29 to 32.



29. What is the time in Tamasina when the time in Banjul is 12:40am?
- 5:08pm
 - 7:58am
 - 5:08am
 - 7:58pm

30. The country marked N was colonized by
- German
 - Britain
 - France
 - Portugal.

31. The economic activity of the communities that followed the route marked T during the migration period was

- pastoralism
- fishing
- crop farming
- hunting.

32. The winds marked S are
- Westerly winds
 - Harmattan winds
 - North East trade winds
 - South Westerly winds.

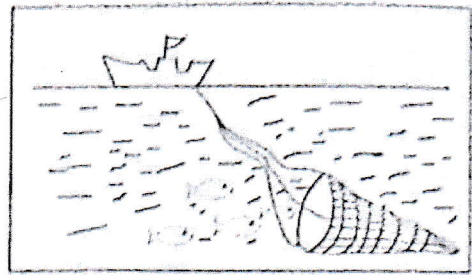
33. Who among the following African nationalists was a founder member of Kenya African National Union (KANU)?

- Ronald Ngala.
- Daniel Arap Moi.
- James Gichuru.
- Martin Shikuku.

34. Which one of the following groups is made up of basic needs in a family?

- Food, shelter and clothing.
- Education, house and land.
- Land, food and money.
- Water, love and television.

35. The diagram below shows a marine fishing method.



The fishing method illustrated in the above diagram is used

- in rivers with large volumes of water
 - in areas where fish are few
 - in areas where fish live in the deep sea
 - near the seashore.
36. One of the achievements of Gamal Abdel Nasser was that he
- distributed land to peasants
 - abolished slavery in Egypt
 - introduced communal farming
 - led Egypt to independence.

37. Which one of the following groups is made up of Voltaic speakers of West Africa?

A. Malinke
Mende
Soninke

B. Akan
Ewe
Fon

C. Wolof
Fulani
Iemne

D. Bergu
Egun
Mossi

38. Which one of the following statements about wheat farming in Kenya is true? It is

- Kenya's main staple food
- harvested using machines
- the main export crop
- grown under irrigation.

39. The petroleum refining industry was established in Mombasa mainly because of
- nearness to source of raw materials
 - nearness to supply of water
 - availability of transport
 - availability of a ready market.
40. The East African Community (EAC) was formed mainly to
- improve food security in the region
 - control the spread of deserts
 - make movement of people easy
 - promote trade among member states.
41. A manager in a government department who employs his relatives practices
- favouritism
 - nepotism
 - tribalism
 - racism.
42. Which one of the following statements about the Rift valley in Kenya is correct?
- It is the largest relief region.
 - It lies 3000 metres above sea level.
 - Some parts of the rift valley are dry.
 - It is dotted with inselbergs.
43. The following are characteristics of a poultry farming method.
- Eggs roll to one collection point.
 - Each bird is kept inside a cage.
 - There is a feeding trough in front of every cage.
- The method described above is
- free range system
 - fold system
 - battery system
 - deep litter system.
44. The main benefit of tea growing in Kenya is that it
- promotes development of towns
 - earns the country foreign exchange
 - leads to growth of service industries
 - improves standards of living in rural areas.
45. Mwangi wants to open a business opportunity in the service industry. The business is likely to open is
- buying and selling vegetables
 - establishing a bakery
 - opening a shop to sell clothes
 - opening a barber shop.
46. A foreigner who intends to register as a Kenyan citizen should
- have lived in Kenya continuously for seven years or more
 - register as a voter
 - own property in Kenya
 - get married to a Kenyan.
47. When children are walking from school, the most appropriate place to cross a road is where
- there is a road junction
 - there is a footbridge
 - the road is wide
 - there are speed bumps.
48. The following are statements about a form of transport.
- It is slow.
 - It is used for transporting crude oil
 - It is cheap.
- The form of transport described above is
- air transport
 - road transport
 - pipeline transport
 - water transport.

49. A possible solution to the challenges facing tourism in Kenya is
- increasing the number of hotels
 - allowing tourists free entry to gamepark
 - improving security in the country
 - construction of feeder roads.
50. A problem that has resulted from industrial development in both Kenya and South Africa is that it has led to
- shortage of skilled labour
 - decrease in food production
 - decline in growth of towns
 - increase in rural to urban migration.
51. Who among the following is **not** a member of the executive arm of the government?
- President
 - Speaker
 - Deputy president
 - Attorney general.
52. Which one of the following statements about the United Nations (UN) is **true**?
- It is headed by a British Monarch.
 - It has its own army.
 - It was formed after the second World War.
 - It is based in Addis Ababa.
53. When Lytleton constitution of 1954 allowed eight regional heads to be elected in 1954, central region was represented by
- Jomo Njkenyatta
 - James Gichuru
 - Harry Thuku
 - Bernard Mate.
54. Democracy is practised in Kenya when leaders
- impose themselves on the people
 - are nominated by the president
 - are elected by the people
 - inherit their posts.
55. The **main** reason why Kenyan citizens sing the National Anthem is to
- obey the laws of the country
 - express respect for their country
 - preserve their cultural heritage
 - please their leaders.
56. The **best** way for the government to use to promote national unity in Kenya is by
- encouraging domestic tourism
 - punishing people who break the laws
 - encouraging people to live in towns
 - engaging people in national activities.
57. A person is nominated as a member of the National Assembly by
- a political party
 - the president
 - the speaker
 - registered voters.
58. Cases involving members of the Kenya Defence Forces (KDF) are handled by
- Kadhi's court
 - High court
 - Court Martial
 - Court of appeal.
59. In Kenya, the body in charge of elections is headed by
- a cabinet secretary
 - the president
 - a chairperson
 - the clerk of the National Assembly.
60. A by-election is held in Kenya when a member of parliament
- resides in a foreign country
 - is jailed for more than six months
 - becomes a leader of a political party
 - gets a vote of no confidence.